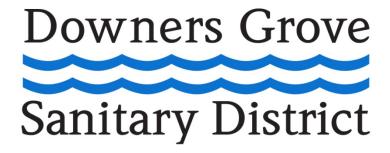
ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT



FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2020

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FINANCIAL SECTION

This section includes:

- Independent Auditors' Report
- Management's Discussion and Analysis
- Basic Financial Statements
- Required Supplementary Information
- Other Supplementary Information
- Supplemental Schedule

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

This section includes the opinion of the District's independent auditing firm.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

September 9, 2020

Members of the Board of Trustees Downers Grove Sanitary District, Illinois

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Downers Grove Sanitary District, Illinois, as of and for the year ended April 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Downers Grove Sanitary District, Illinois, as of April 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Downers Grove Sanitary District, Illinois September 9, 2020 Page 2

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis as listed in the table of contents and budgetary information reported in the required supplementary information as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Downers Grove Sanitary District, Illinois' basic financial statements. The other supplementary information and supplemental schedule are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information and supplemental schedule are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information and supplemental schedule are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Lauterbach & Amen, LLP
LAUTERBACH & AMEN, LLP

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2020

Our discussion and analysis of the Downers Grove Sanitary District's (the District) financial performance provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2020. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which begin on page 12.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The user charge was increased from \$1.70 to \$1.80 per 1,000 gallons of consumption, effective April 2020. Staff identified a calculation error that overstated the billable flow for the past five fiscal years. The FY2018-19 billable flow was stated as 5.50 million gallons per day in the FY2018-19 Audit whereas actual billable flow for FY2018-19 was 5.12 million gallons per day. Billable flows for FY2019-20 were 4.96 million gallons per day, a 3.1% decrease below the corrected FY2018-19 billable flows.
- During the year, government-wide revenues for the District totaled \$10,159,388, while expenses totaled \$10,268,423, resulting in an decrease in net position of \$109,035. Even though the District recognized a positive net change in fund balances of \$1,703,619, the decrease in net position of \$109,035 resulted largely from the following: the disposal of CHP #1 as a depreciable capital asset, an increase in deferred inflows related to IMRF, and a change to the Total OPEB liability for the year.
- The District's net position totaled \$74,657,827 on April 30, 2020, which includes \$68,464,231 net investment in capital assets, \$2,209,431 subject to external restrictions, and \$3,984,165 unrestricted net position that may be used to meet the ongoing obligations of the District.
- Beginning net position was restated due to the District implementing GASB Statement No. 84 in the current fiscal year. The purpose of this restatement was to now include amounts related to fiduciary funds managed by the District on behalf of a third party. The \$7,260 amount found in Note 3 on page 33 represents funds held in trust in the District's Sewer Extensions Escrow Fund 71 as of May 1, 2019.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities (on pages 12 - 14) provide information about the activities of the District as a whole and present a longer-term view of the District's finances. Fund financial statements begin on page 15. For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the District's most significant funds. The remaining statements provide financial information about activities for which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the government.

Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2020

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT – Continued

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a matter similar to a private-sector business. The government wide financial statements can be found on pages 12 - 14 of this report.

The Statement of Net Position reports information on all of the District's assets/deferred outflows and liabilities/deferred inflows, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating. Consideration of other nonfinancial factors, such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of the District's infrastructure, is needed to assess the overall health of the District.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate the comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2020

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT – Continued

Fund Financial Statements - Continued

Governmental Funds – Continued

The District maintains five individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Public Benefit Fund, Improvement Fund, Construction Fund, and Special Assessment Fund, all of which are considered to be major funds.

The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for all of the governmental funds, except the Special Assessment Fund. A budgetary comparison schedule for these funds has been provided to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 15 - 20 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 21 - 43 of this report.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the District's I.M.R.F. employee pension obligations, retiree benefit plan, and budgetary comparison schedules for the General Fund and major special revenue fund. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 44 - 49 of this report. The budgetary comparison schedules are presented immediately following the required supplementary information on pages 50 - 52 of this report. A supplemental schedule detailing the District's long-term debt requirements on page 53 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2020

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The following tables show that in the case of the District, assets/deferred outflows exceeded liabilities/deferred inflows by \$74,657,827.

| | Net Position | | |
|------------------------------------|--------------|------------|--|
| | 2020 | 2019 | |
| | | | |
| Current/Other Assets | \$ 9,540,412 | 7,711,253 | |
| Capital Assets | 71,651,920 | 73,767,546 | |
| Total Assets | 81,192,332 | 81,478,799 | |
| | | | |
| Deferred Outflows | 644,427 | 1,617,892 | |
| Total Assets/Deferred Outflows | 81,836,759 | 83,096,691 | |
| | | | |
| Long-Term Debt | 4,685,230 | 6,434,877 | |
| Other Liabilities | 867,496 | 802,483 | |
| Total Liabilities | 5,552,726 | 7,237,360 | |
| | | | |
| Deferred Inflows | 1,626,206 | 1,099,729 | |
| Total Liabilities/Deferred Inflows | 7,178,932 | 8,337,089 | |
| | | | |
| Net Postion | | | |
| Net Investment in Capital Assets | 68,464,231 | 70,276,268 | |
| Restricted | 2,209,431 | 1,533,241 | |
| Unrestricted | 3,984,165 | 2,950,093 | |
| | | | |
| Total Net Position | 74,657,827 | 74,759,602 | |

A large portion of the District's net position, \$68,464,231 or 91.7 percent, reflects its investment in capital assets (for example, land, sewers, buildings, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion, \$2,209,431 or 3.0 percent, of the District's net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining 5.3 percent, or \$3,984,165, represents unrestricted net assets and may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2020

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS – Continued

| | | Change in Net Position | | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------|------------------------|------------|--|
| | 2020 2019 | | | |
| | | | | |
| Revenues | | | | |
| Program Revenues | | | | |
| Charges for Services | \$ | 8,256,107 | 7,952,664 | |
| Operating Grants/Contributions | | 503,722 | - | |
| General Revenues | | | | |
| Property Taxes | | 1,200,957 | 1,238,470 | |
| Replacement Taxes | | 98,083 | 74,500 | |
| Miscellaneous | | 13,502 | 25,852 | |
| Investment Income | | 87,017 | 67,426 | |
| Total Revenues | | 10,159,388 | 9,358,912 | |
| | | | | |
| Expenses | | | | |
| General Government | | 10,268,423 | 8,466,372 | |
| Interest on Long-Term Debt | | - | 368 | |
| Total Expenses | | 10,268,423 | 8,466,740 | |
| | | | | |
| Change in Net Position | | (109,035) | 892,172 | |
| | | | | |
| Net Position - Beginning as Restated | | 74,766,862 | 73,867,430 | |
| | | | | |
| Net Position - Ending | | 74,657,827 | 74,759,602 | |

Net position of the District decreased by 0.1 percent (\$74,766,862 in 2019, as restated, compared to \$74,657,827 in 2020). Unrestricted net position, the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints, totaled \$3,984,165 on April 30, 2020.

Governmental Activities

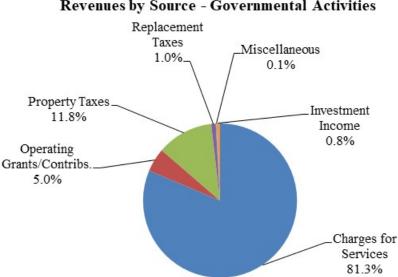
Revenues for governmental activities totaled \$10,159,388, while the cost of all governmental functions totaled \$10,268,423. This results in a deficit of \$109,035.

Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2020

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS – Continued

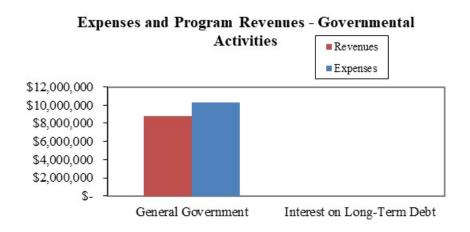
Governmental Activities - Continued

The following figure graphically depicts the major revenue sources of the District. It depicts very clearly the reliance on charges for services and property taxes to fund governmental activities. It also clearly identifies the less significant percentage the District receives from grants and contributions, replacement taxes, investment and miscellaneous income.



Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities

The 'Expenses and Program Revenues' Figure identifies those governmental functions where program expenses greatly exceed revenues.



Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2020

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

In the course of closing this fiscal year, the District changed its year-end accrual practices. Historically, the District has not accrued April invoices to the fiscal year, rather they have been applied to the next fiscal year. This year, the District accrued the April 2020 invoices in accordance with generally accepted accounting practices and hence, the expenditures included both the April 2019 and the April 2020 invoices. The impact to fund balances due to the change in accrual practices will only occur this year as the District intends to continue accruing April invoices going forward.

The District's governmental funds reported combining ending fund balances of \$8,394,699, which is \$1,703,619 or 25.5 percent, more than last year's restated total of \$6,691,080. Of the \$8,394,699 total, \$4,419,762, or approximately 52.6 percent, of the fund balance constitutes unassigned fund balance.

The General Fund reported a positive change in fund balance for the year of \$1,027,429, an increase of 19.9 percent. A reduction in fund balance of \$61,200 was budgeted to restore the ending fund balance to 25% of annual expenses. These variances are further outlined on the General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the District. On April 30, 2020, unassigned fund balance in the General Fund was \$4,419,762, which represents 71.5 percent of the total fund balance of the General Fund. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unassigned fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance in the General Fund represents approximately 53.1 percent of total General Fund expenditures.

The Improvement Fund reported a negative change in fund balance for the year of \$22,433, a decrease of 1.9 percent. This change reflects project expenditures in excess of fund revenues for the year, with some variances from budgeted amounts. The Auditor's Management Letter includes a recommendation for the District to investigate the cause of the expenditures for this fund being over budget by \$3,861. This amount being above budgeted expenditures was due to the change in accrual practices mentioned above and the scope of engineering expenses related to the unsewered area plan being more extensive this year as compared to other recent years. In the future, the budget will be adjusted or cost control measures will be used to keep expenditures within budget. These variances are further outlined on the Improvement Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance.

Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2020

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS - Continued

Governmental Funds – Continued

The Construction Fund reported a positive change in fund balance for the year of \$717,539, an increase of 227.5 percent. An increase in fund balance of \$731,100 was budgeted, to replenish capital reserves for future construction of improvements at the wastewater treatment center. These variances are further outlined on the Construction Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

There were no budget amendments to the General Fund during the year. General Fund actual revenues for the year totaled \$9,329,731, compared to budgeted revenues of \$9,368,200.

The General Fund actual expenditures for the year were \$1,106,999 lower than budgeted (\$8,322,401 actual compared to \$9,429,400 budgeted). Operation and maintenance costs were generally lower than anticipated, and a capital project at the wastewater treatment center and the completion of some sewer replacement work were delayed.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The District's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of April 30, 2020 was \$71,651,920 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, construction in progress, buildings and equipment, and sanitary sewer infrastructure.

| | Capital Assets - Net of Depreciation | | |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------|--|
| | 2020 | 2019 | |
| | | | |
| Land | \$ 2,455,790 | 2,455,790 | |
| Construction in Progress | 1,270,699 | 1,135,267 | |
| Buildings and Equipment | 25,989,206 | 27,649,538 | |
| Sanitary Sewer Infrastructure | 41,936,225 | 42,526,951 | |
| | | | |
| Total | 71,651,920 | 73,767,546 | |

This year's major additions included:

| Construction in Progress | \$ 135,432 |
|-------------------------------|---------------|
| Buildings and Equipment | 404,232 |
| Sanitary Sewer Infrastructure | 244,932 |
| | |
| | 784,596 |

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in note 3 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2020

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION - Continued

Debt Administration

At year-end, the District had total outstanding debt of \$3,187,689 as compared to \$3,491,278 the previous year, a decrease of 8.7 percent. The following is a comparative statement of outstanding debt:

| | Long-Term Del | Long-Term Debt Outstanding | | |
|------------|---------------|----------------------------|--|--|
| | 2020 | 2019 | | |
| | | | | |
| IEPA Loans | \$ 3,187,689 | 3,491,278 | | |

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 3 of this report.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

The District's Board of Trustees considered many factors when setting the fiscal-year 2020-20 budget, tax rate, and fees that will be charged for its governmental activities. Increases in the user charge from \$1.70 to \$1.80 per 1,000 gallons of consumption and the surcharge rates from \$0.26 to \$0.28 per pound for BOD and \$0.33 to \$0.40 per pound for SS were established to match the increasing costs of operation, maintenance and replacement of infrastructure. Increases in connection fees were established to match increases in the cost of construction. Increases in inspection fees and sampling and monitoring charges were established to match salary increases.

The District anticipates an increase in tax revenues, budgeting \$1.254 million for 2020-21 as compared to the 2019-20 budget of \$1.188 million, an increase of 5.5 percent. The District's 2020-21 budget continues with previous equipment and infrastructure investments that help control long-term operating costs and sustain the infrastructure.

The President declared a major disaster for the State of Illinois on March 26, 2020, as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic. In response, the District discontinued water shutoffs of delinquent customers and began to waive late fees. The District put measures in place to address the safety of the District's employees and ensure continuity of service throughout the pandemic. As of the date of this report, the extent of the impact of COVID-19 on the District's operations and financial position cannot be determined.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the General Manager or Treasurer, Downers Grove Sanitary District, 2710 Curtiss Street, Downers Grove, IL 60515.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The basic financial Statements include integrated sets of financial statements as required by the GASB. The sets of statements include:

- Government-Wide Financial Statements
- Fund Financial Statements

Governmental Funds

In addition, the notes to the financial statements are included to provide information that is essential to a user's understanding of the basic financial statements.

Statement of Net Position April 30, 2020

| ASSETS | | |
|---|----|--------------|
| Current Assets | | |
| Cash and Investments | \$ | 6,375,697 |
| Receivables - Net of Allowances | | 3,123,964 |
| Prepaids | | 40,751 |
| Total Current Assets | | 9,540,412 |
| Noncurrent Assets | | |
| Capital Assets | | |
| Nondepreciable Capital Assets | | 3,726,489 |
| Depreciable Capital Assets | 1 | 19,980,283 |
| Accumulated Depreciation | (| (52,054,852) |
| Total Noncurrent Assets | | 71,651,920 |
| Total Assets | | 81,192,332 |
| DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | |
| Deferred Items - IMRF | | 644,427 |
| Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources | | 81,836,759 |

LIABILITIES

| Current Liabilities | |
|---|----------------|
| Accounts Payable | \$ 290,500 |
| Retainage Payable | 113,527 |
| Accrued Payroll | 112,476 |
| Current Portion of Long-Term Debt | 350,993 |
| Total Current Liabilities | 867,496 |
| Noncurrent Liabilities | |
| Compensated Absences | 189,610 |
| Net Pension Liability - IMRF | 671,444 |
| Total OPEB Liability - RBP | 940,077 |
| IEPA Loans Payable | 2,884,099 |
| Total Noncurrent Liabilities | 4,685,230 |
| Total Liabilities | 5,552,726 |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | |
| Property Taxes | 629,210 |
| Deferred Items - IMRF | 996,996 |
| Total Deferred Inflows of Resources | 1,626,206 |
| Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources | 7,178,932 |
| NET POSITION | |
| Net Investment in Capital Assets | 68,464,231 |
| Restricted | |
| Public Benefit | 37,325 |
| Capital Projects | 2,172,106 |
| Unrestricted | 3,984,165 |
| Total Net Position | 74,657,827 |

Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2020

| | _ | Charges for | Revenues Operating | Net (Expenses) Revenues and Change in |
|---|---------------|----------------|---------------------|--|
| | Expenses | Services | Grants | Net Position |
| Functions/Programs Governmental Activities | | | | |
| General Government | \$ 10,268,423 | 8,256,107 | 503,722 | (1,508,594) |
| General Revenues Taxes Property Taxes Replacement Taxes Miscellaneous Investment Income | | | | 1,200,957 98,083 13,502 87,017 1,399,559 |
| Change in Net Position | | | | (109,035) |
| Net Position - Beginning as Restated | | | | 74,766,862 |
| Net Position - Ending | | | | 74,657,827 |

Balance Sheet April 30, 2020

See Following Page

Balance Sheet April 30, 2020

| | General |
|--|------------------------|
| ASSETS | |
| Cash and Investments | \$ 4,163,903 |
| Receivables - Net of Allowances | 1.050.401 |
| Property Taxes Other | 1,258,421 1,862,013 |
| Prepaids | 40,751 |
| Total Assets | 7,325,088 |
| I I A DII ITIEC | |
| LIABILITIES | |
| Accounts Payable | 284,607 |
| Retainage Payable | 113,527 |
| Accrued Payroll | 112,476 |
| Total Liabilities | 510,610 |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | |
| Property Taxes | 629,210 |
| Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows | |
| of Resources | 1,139,820 |
| FUND BALANCES | |
| Nonspendable | 40,751 |
| Restricted | - |
| Assigned | 1,724,755 |
| Unassigned | 4,419,762 |
| Total Fund Balances | 6,185,268 |
| Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of | |
| Resources and Fund Balances | 7,325,088 |

| Special Revenue | | Capital Projects | | |
|--------------------|-------------|------------------|------------|-----------|
| Public | | | Special | |
| Benefit | Improvement | Construction | Assessment | Totals |
| | | | | |
| 37,325 | 1,141,559 | 1,032,910 | - | 6,375,697 |
| - | - | - | - | 1,258,421 |
| - | 3,530 | - | - | 1,865,543 |
| - | - - | - | - | 40,751 |
| | | | | |
| 37,325 | 1,145,089 | 1,032,910 | - | 9,540,412 |
| | | | | |
| - | 5,893 | - | - | 290,500 |
| - | - | - | - | 113,527 |
| | - | - | - | 112,476 |
| - | 5,893 | - | - | 516,503 |
| - | - | - | - | 629,210 |
| | | | | |
| _ | 5,893 | - | - | 1,145,713 |
| | | | | |
| - | - | - | - | 40,751 |
| 37,325 | 1,139,196 | 1,032,910 | - | 2,209,431 |
| - | - | - | - | 1,724,755 |
| - 27.225 | 1 120 107 | 1 022 010 | - | 4,419,762 |
| 37,325 | 1,139,196 | 1,032,910 | - | 8,394,699 |
| 37,325 | 1,145,089 | 1,032,910 | <u>-</u> | 9,540,412 |

Reconciliation of Total Fund Balances to the Statement of Net Position April $30,\,2020$

| Total Fund Balances | \$ 8,394,699 |
|--|-----------------|
| Amounts reported in the Statement of Net Position are different because: | |
| Capital assets are not financial resources and therefore, are not reported in the funds. | 71,651,920 |
| Deferred outflows (inflows) of resources related to the pensions not reported in the funds. Deferred Items - IMRF | (352,569) |
| Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. | |
| Compensated Absences | (237,013) |
| Net Pension Liability - IMRF | (671,444) |
| Total OPEB Liability - RBP | (940,077) |
| IEPA Loans Payable | (3,187,689) |
| Net Position | 74,657,827 |

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2020

See Following Page

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2020

| | General |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Revenues | |
| Taxes | \$ 1,299,040 |
| Charges for Services | 7,961,375 |
| Grants and Donations | 3,722 |
| Investment Income | 52,092 |
| Miscellaneous | 13,502 |
| Total Revenues | 9,329,731 |
| Expenditures | |
| General Government | 8,140,810 |
| Capital Outlay | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , |
| Debt Service | |
| Principal Retirement | 181,591 |
| Total Expenditures | 8,322,401 |
| Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues | |
| Over (Under) Expenditures | 1,007,330 |
| | |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses) | 20,000 |
| Transfer In | 20,099 |
| Transfer Out | 20,000 |
| | 20,099 |
| Net Change in Fund Balance | 1,027,429 |
| Fund Balances - Beginning as Restated | 5,157,839 |
| Fund Balances - Ending | 6,185,268 |

| Special Revenue | | Capital Projects | | |
|--------------------|--------------|-------------------|---------------|------------|
| Public | | Cupitui i iojects | Special | |
| Benefit | Improvement | Construction | Assessment | Totals |
| Belletit | impro vement | Construction | Tissessificit | Totals |
| | | | | |
| - | - | - | - | 1,299,040 |
| - | 57,500 | 237,232 | - | 8,256,107 |
| - | - | 500,000 | - | 503,722 |
| 856 | 24,628 | 9,114 | 327 | 87,017 |
| | - | - | - | 13,502 |
| 856 | 82,128 | 746,346 | 327 | 10,159,388 |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| - | - | - | - | 8,140,810 |
| - | 11,370 | - | - | 11,370 |
| _ | 93,191 | 28,807 | - | 303,589 |
| _ | 104,561 | 28,807 | - | 8,455,769 |
| | • | , | | , , |
| | | | | |
| 856 | (22,433) | 717,539 | 327 | 1,703,619 |
| | | | | |
| _ | _ | _ | _ | 20,099 |
| _ | _ | _ | (20,099) | (20,099) |
| | _ | - | (20,099) | - |
| | | | | |
| 856 | (22,433) | 717,539 | (19,772) | 1,703,619 |
| | | | | |
| 36,469 | 1,161,629 | 315,371 | 19,772 | 6,691,080 |
| 37,325 | 1,139,196 | 1,032,910 | - | 8,394,699 |

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities

For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2020

| Net Change in Fund Balances | \$ | 1,703,619 |
|---|----|-------------|
| Amounts reported in the Statement of Activities are different because: | | |
| are different occause. | | |
| Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the | | |
| Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated | | |
| useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. | | |
| Capital Outlays | | 784,596 |
| Depreciation Expense | | (2,011,391) |
| Disposals - Cost | | (1,225,638) |
| Disposals - Accumulated Depreciation | | 336,807 |
| The net effect of deferred outflows (inflows) of resources related to the pensions not reported in the funds. | | |
| Change in Deferred Items - IMRF | | (1,431,604) |
| Change in Deferred Items - RBP | | (13,281) |
| The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to | | |
| governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal on long-term | | |
| debt consumes the current financial resources of the governmental funds. | | |
| Change in Compensated Absences | | (8,950) |
| Change in Net Pension Liability - IMRF | | 1,562,188 |
| Change in Total OPEB Liability - RBP | | (108,970) |
| Retirement of Debt | | 303,589 |
| | | (100 00 == |
| Changes in Net Position | _ | (109,035) |

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2020

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Downers Grove Sanitary District (the District) was incorporated to provide and maintain economical treatment of the domestic and industrial wastes collected at its sewage treatment plant so that the wastes are given the degree of treatment necessary to prevent pollution of the water of the State of Illinois.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP in the United States for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). The more significant of the District's accounting policies established in GAAP in the United States and used by the District are described below.

REPORTING ENTITY

The District includes all funds of its operations that are controlled by or dependent upon the District as determined on a basis of financial accountability. Financial accountability includes appointment of the organization's governing body, imposition of will, and fiscal dependency. This report represents the financial activity of the District for the year.

BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of the District's functions. The District's activities are supported by taxes and charges for services revenues. The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, which include 1) changes to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment.

The financial transactions of the District are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, reserves, fund equity, revenues and expenditures. The District accounts for all of its activities in governmental funds, with the emphasis in the fund financial statements being on the major funds.

Nonmajor funds by category are summarized into a single column. GASB Statement No. 34 sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures of either fund category) for the determination of major funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2020

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

BASIS OF PRESENTATION – Continued

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements - Continued

Governmental Funds

The following fund types are used by the District:

The focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund statements) is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. The following is a description of the governmental funds of the District:

General Fund is the general operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all financial resources, except for those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund is a major fund.

Special revenues funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The District maintains one major special revenue fund. The Public Benefit Fund is used to account for the payment of sewer extensions or sewer special assessments which the District Board of Trustees deems to be of benefit to an area larger than the immediate service area.

Capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities. The District reports three capital projects funds. The Improvement Fund, a major fund, is used to account for sewer system, pump station improvements, and repayment of loans to the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency. The Construction Fund, a major fund, is used to account for improvements and expansions to the Wastewater Treatment Center and repayment of loans to the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency. The Special Assessment Fund, also a major fund, is used to account for the installation of the public sanitary sewers in special assessment areas.

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

On the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined below. In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2020

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Measurement Focus

The District's funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.

The accounting objectives of the "economic resources" measurement focus is the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets/deferred outflows, liabilities/deferred inflows (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported.

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability/deferred inflow is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets/deferred outflows, and liabilities/deferred inflows resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

In the fund financial statements, funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when "measurable and available." Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectible within the current period or within sixty days after year-end. The District recognizes property taxes when they become both measurable and available in accordance with GASB Codification Section P70. A sixty-day availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other fund revenues. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability/deferred inflow is incurred, except for general obligation bond principal and interest which are recognized when due.

In applying the susceptible to accrual concept under the modified accrual basis, those revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, interest revenue, and charges for services. All other revenues are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2020

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

ASSETS/DEFERRED OUTFLOWS, LIABILITIES/DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY

Cash and Investments

For the purpose of the Statement of Net Position, the District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of purchase.

Investments are generally reported at fair value. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. For investments, the District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. All of the District's investments are in 2a7-like investment pools that are measured at the net asset value per share determined by the pool.

Receivables

In the government-wide financial statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable. Major receivables balances include property taxes.

Prepaids

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaids in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. Prepaids are valued at cost, which approximates market, using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. The costs of governmental fund-type prepaids are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Capital Assets

Capital assets purchased, or acquired with an original cost of \$5,000, or more, are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at acquisition value as of the date received. Upgrades or rehabilitation that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2020

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

ASSETS/DEFERRED OUTFLOWS, LIABILITIES/DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY – Continued

Capital Assets – Continued

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. General capital assets are long-lived assets of the District as a whole. When purchased, such assets are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund and capitalized. The valuation basis for general capital assets are historical cost, or where historical cost is not available, estimated historical cost based on replacement costs.

Depreciation on all assets is computed and recorded using the straight-line method of depreciation over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and Equipment

5 - 75 Years

Sanitary Sewer Infrastructure

20 - 100 Years

Compensated Absences

The District accrues accumulated unpaid vacation and associated employee-related costs when earned (or estimated to be earned) by the employee. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 16, no liability is recorded for nonvesting accumulation rights to receive sick pay benefits. However, a liability is recognized for that portion of accumulated sick leave that is estimated to be taken as "terminal leave" prior to retirement.

All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflow/inflow of resources represents an acquisition/reduction of net position that applies to a future period and therefore will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense)/inflow of resources (revenue) until that future time.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2020

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

ASSETS/DEFERRED OUTFLOWS, LIABILITIES/DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY – Continued

Net Position

In the government-wide financial statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

Net Investment in Capital Assets – Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets, as applicable.

Restricted – Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted – All other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

NOTE 2 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

BUDGETARY INFORMATION

The budget, levy and appropriation is prepared on the same basis and uses the same accounting practices as are used in the fund financial statements. Unexpended budget amounts lapse at the end of the budget year. Spending controls for the fund is established by the amount of expenditures budgeted for the fund, but management control is exercised at budgetary line level items. Expenditures may not exceed appropriations. During the fiscal year there were no supplemental appropriations. The District does not budget for the Special Assessment Fund.

EXCESS OF ACTUAL EXPENDITURES OVER BUDGET IN INDIVIDUAL FUND

The following fund had an excess of actual expenditures over budget as of the date of this report:

| Fund | E | Excess | |
|-------------|---|--------|--|
| Improvement | • | 2 961 | |
| Improvement | Ф | 3,861 | |

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2020

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The District maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the financial statements as "cash and investments."

Permitted Deposits and Investments – Statutes authorize the District to make deposits/invest in commercial banks, savings and loan institutions, obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agencies, obligations of States and their political subdivisions, credit union shares, repurchase agreements, commercial paper rated within the three highest classifications by at least two standard rating services, and Illinois Funds.

The Illinois Funds is an investment pool managed by the Illinois Public Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. The Illinois Funds is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. Investments in Illinois Funds are valued at the share price, the price for which the investment could be sold.

Interest Rate Risk, Credit Risk, Custodial Credit Risk and Concentration Risk

Deposits. At year-end, the carrying amount of the District's deposits totaled \$3,379,651 and the bank balances totaled \$3,395,316. In addition, the District had \$2,996,046 invested in the Illinois Funds, which has an average maturity of less than one year.

Interest Rate Risk. Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The District's investment policy does not address interest rate risk.

Credit Risk. Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The District's investment policy does not address credit risk. The District's investment in the Illinois Funds was rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's.

Custodial Credit Risk. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District's investment policy does not address custodial credit risk for deposits. At year-end, the entire amount of the bank balance of deposits was covered by collateral, federal depository or equivalent insurance.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2020

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS – Continued

Interest Rate Risk, Credit Risk, Custodial Credit Risk and Concentration Risk - Continued

Custodial Credit Risk – Continued. For an investment, this is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District's investment policy does not specifically address custodial credit risk for investments. The District's investment in the Illinois Fund is not subject to custodial credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk. This is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the District's investment in a single issuer. The District's investment policy does not address concentration of credit risk. At year-end, the District does not have any investments over 5 percent of the total cash and investment portfolio (other than investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in mutual funds, external investment pools, and other pooled investments).

PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes for 2019 attach as an enforceable lien on January 1, 2019, on property values assessed as of the same date. Taxes are levied by December of the subsequent fiscal year (by passage of a Tax Levy Ordinance). Tax bills are prepared by DuPage County and are payable in two installments, on or about June 1, and September 1. The County collects such taxes and remits them periodically.

INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Interfund transfers for the year consisted of the following:

| Transfe | r In | Transfer Out | An | nount |
|---------|---------|-----------------|----|--------|
| Gener | al Spec | cial Assessment | \$ | 20,099 |

The District transferred the remaining fund balance in the Special Assessment Fund to the General Fund as of April 30, 2020.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2020

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year was as follows:

| | Beginning | | | Ending |
|--|--------------|-------------|-----------|-------------|
| | Balances | Increases | Decreases | Balances |
| Nondepreciable Capital Assets | | | | |
| Land | \$ 2,455,790 | - | - | 2,455,790 |
| Construction in Progress | 1,135,267 | 135,432 | - | 1,270,699 |
| , and the second | 3,591,057 | 135,432 | - | 3,726,489 |
| Depreciable Capital Assets | | | | |
| Buildings and Equipment | 57,324,529 | 404,232 | 1,171,073 | 56,557,688 |
| Sanitary Sewer Infrastructure | 63,232,228 | 244,932 | 54,565 | 63,422,595 |
| · | 120,556,757 | 649,164 | 1,225,638 | 119,980,283 |
| Less Accumulated Depreciation | | | | |
| Buildings and Equipment | 29,674,991 | 1,203,562 | 310,071 | 30,568,482 |
| Sanitary Sewer Infrastructure | 20,705,277 | 807,829 | 26,736 | 21,486,370 |
| · | 50,380,268 | 2,011,391 | 336,807 | 52,054,852 |
| Total Net Depreciable Capital Assets | 70,176,489 | (1,362,227) | 888,831 | 67,925,431 |
| Total Net Capital Assets | 73,767,546 | (1,226,795) | 888,831 | 71,651,920 |

Depreciation expense of \$2,011,391 was charged to the general government function.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2020

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

LONG-TERM DEBT

IEPA Loans Payable

The District has entered into loan agreements with the IEPA to provide no interest financing for waterworks and sewerage improvements. IEPA loans currently outstanding are as follows:

| | Beginning | | | Ending |
|--|--------------|-----------|-------------|-----------|
| Issue | Balances | Issuances | Retirements | Balances |
| | | | | |
| Illinois Environmental Protection Agency | | | | |
| (IEPA) Loan of 2010, due in annual | | | | |
| installments of \$303,590, non-interest | | | | |
| bearing, through November 2, 2030. | \$ 3,491,278 | - | 303,589 | 3,187,689 |

Long-Term Liability Activity

Changes in long-term liabilities during the fiscal year were as follows:

| Type of Debt | Beginning Balances | Additions | Deductions | Ending Balances | Amounts Due within One Year |
|------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------|------------|--------------------|-----------------------------|
| Governmental Activities | | | | | |
| | \$ 228,063 | 17,901 | 8.951 | 237,013 | 47,403 |
| Compensated Absences | | 17,901 | | <i>'</i> | 47,403 |
| Net Pension Liability - IMRF | 2,233,632 | - | 1,562,188 | 671,444 | - |
| Total OPEB Liability - RBP | 831,107 | 108,970 | - | 940,077 | - |
| IEPA Loans Payable | 3,491,278 | - | 303,589 | 3,187,689 | 303,590 |
| | | | | | |
| | 6,784,080 | 126,871 | 1,874,728 | 5,036,223 | 350,993 |

The General Fund makes payments on the compensated absences, the net pension liability, and the total OPEB liability. Payments on the IEPA loans payable are made by the General, Improvement and Construction Funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2020

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

LONG-TERM DEBT – Continued

Debt Service Requirements to Maturity

The annual debt service requirements to maturity, including principal and interest, are as follows:

| | Governmental Activities | | | |
|--------|-------------------------|------------|--|--|
| | IEPA L | IEPA Loans | | |
| Fiscal | Payab | ole | | |
| Year | Principal | Interest | | |
| | | | | |
| 2021 | \$ 303,590 | - | | |
| 2022 | 303,590 | - | | |
| 2023 | 303,590 | - | | |
| 2024 | 303,590 | - | | |
| 2025 | 303,590 | - | | |
| 2026 | 303,590 | - | | |
| 2027 | 303,590 | - | | |
| 2028 | 303,590 | - | | |
| 2029 | 303,590 | - | | |
| 2030 | 303,590 | - | | |
| 2031 | 151,789 | _ | | |
| | | | | |
| Totals | 3,187,689 | - | | |

NET POSITION/FUND BALANCE

Net Position Classifications

Net investment in capital assets was comprised of the following as of April 30, 2020:

| Governmental Activities Capital Assets - Net of Accumulated Depreciation | \$ 71,651,920 |
|--|---------------|
| Less Capital Related Debt: | (2 197 690) |
| IEPA Loan of 2010 | (3,187,689) |
| Net Investment in Capital Assets | 68.464.231 |

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2020

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

NET POSITION/FUND BALANCE – Continued

Fund Balance Classification

In the governmental funds financial statements, the District considers restricted amounts to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. The District first utilizes committed, then assigned and then unassigned fund balance when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which all three unrestricted fund balances are available.

Nonspendable Fund Balance. Consists of resources that cannot be spent because they are either: a) not in a spendable form; or b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance. Consists of resources that are restricted to specific purposes, that is, when constraints placed on the use of resources are either: a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance. Consists of resources constrained (issuance of an ordinance) to specific purposes by the government itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Trustees; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest-level action to remove or change the constraint.

Assigned Fund Balance. Consists of amounts that are constrained by the Board of Trustees' intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by a) the Board of Trustees itself or b) a body or official to which the Board of Trustees has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. The District's highest level of decision-making authority is the Board of Trustees, who is authorized to assign amounts to a specific purpose.

Unassigned Fund Balance. Consists of residual net resources of a fund that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned within the General Fund and deficit fund balances of other governmental funds.

Minimum Fund Balance Policy. The District's policy manual states that the General Fund should maintain a minimum fund balance equal to 25% of annual operating expenditures.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2020

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

NET POSITION/FUND BALANCE – Continued

Fund Balance Classification - Continued

The following is a schedule of fund balance classifications for the governmental funds as of the date of this report:

| | | Special | | | | |
|--------------------------------|-----------|---------|--------------|------------------|------------|-----------|
| | | Revenue | (| Capital Projects | 1 | |
| | | Public | | | Special | |
| | General | Benefit | Improvement | Construction | Assessment | Totals |
| Fund Balances Nonspendable | | | | | | 10 ==1 |
| Prepaids | \$ 40,751 | - | - | - | - | 40,751 |
| Restricted Public Benefits | - | 37,325 | . | - - | - | 37,325 |
| Capital Projects | | - | 1,139,196 | 1,032,910 | - | 2,172,106 |
| | | 37,325 | 1,139,196 | 1,032,910 | - | 2,209,431 |
| Assigned Construction Projects | 1,724,755 | - | - | - | - | 1,724,755 |
| Unassigned | 4,419,762 | - | - | - | - | 4,419,762 |
| Total Fund Balances | 6,185,268 | 37,325 | 1,139,196 | 1,032,910 | _ | 8,394,699 |

Net Position/Fund Balance Restatement

Beginning net position/fund balance was restated due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 84. The following is a summary of the net position/fund balance as originally reported and as restated:

| Net Position/Fund Balance | As Reported | As Restated | Increase |
|---------------------------|---------------|-------------|----------|
| | | | |
| Governmental Activities | \$ 74,759,602 | 74,766,862 | 7,260 |
| General | 5,150,579 | 5,157,839 | 7,260 |

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2020

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION

RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District carries commercial insurance for all risks of loss including worker's compensation and employee health insurance. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in the past three fiscal years.

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Litigation

The District is not a defendant in any lawsuits.

Grants

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Financial Impact of COVID-19

In March 2020, the World Health Organization declared the COVID-19 virus a public health emergency. As of the date of this report, the extent of the impact of COVID-19 on the District's operations and financial position cannot be determined.

NONDOMESTIC WASTE

The District received 4.468 billion gallons of waste water from 20,226 users (of which 649 are nonmetered). The District billed users for 1.802 billion gallons. Of the 20,226 users of the system, the following discharge nondomestic waste:

| | Volume |
|-------------------------|-------------------|
| User | (Gallons Per Day) |
| Good Samaritan Hospital | 30,607 |
| Mar Cor Services | 2,800 |
| Bales Mold Service | 2,098 |
| Rexnord, Inc. | 686 |

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2020

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF)

The District contributes to the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), a defined benefit agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system. IMRF issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plan as a whole, but not by individual employer. That report may be obtained online at www.imrf.org. The benefits, benefit levels, employee contributions, and employer contributions are governed by Illinois Compiled Statutes (ILCS) and can only be amended by the Illinois General Assembly.

Plan Descriptions

Plan Administration. All employees hired in positions that meet or exceed the prescribed annual hourly standard must be enrolled in IMRF as participating members. The plan is accounted for on the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Employer and employee contributions are recognized when earned in the year that the contributions are required, benefits and refunds are recognized as an expense and liability when due and payable.

Benefits Provided. IMRF has three benefit plans. The vast majority of IMRF members participate in the Regular Plan (RP). The Sheriff's Law Enforcement Personnel (SLEP) plan is for sheriffs, deputy sheriffs, and selected police chiefs. Counties could adopt the Elected County Official (ECO) plan for officials elected prior to August 8, 2011 (the ECO plan was closed to new participants after that date).

IMRF provides two tiers of pension benefits. Employees hired *before* January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 1 benefits. Tier 1 employees are vested for pension benefits when they have at least eight years of qualifying service credit. Tier 1 employees who retire at age 55 (at reduced benefits) or after age 60 (at full benefits) with eight years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any consecutive 48 months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 48. Under Tier 1, the pension is increased by 3% of the original amount on January 1 every year after retirement.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2020

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN – Continued

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) - Continued

Plan Descriptions – Continued

Benefits Provided - Continued. Employees hired on or after January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 2 benefits. For Tier 2 employees, pension benefits vest after ten years of service. Participating employees who retire at age 62 (at reduced benefits) or after age 67 (at full benefits) with ten years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings up to a statutorily set maximum during any 96 consecutive months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 96. Under Tier 2, the pension is increased on January 1 every year after retirement, upon reaching age 67, by the *lesser* of:

- 3% of the original pension amount, or
- 1/2 of the increase in the Consumer Price Index of the original pension amount.

Plan Membership. As of December 31, 2019, the measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

| Inactive Plan Members Currently Receiving Benefits | 27 |
|--|----|
| Inactive Plan Members Entitled to but not yet Receiving Benefits | 18 |
| Active Plan Members | |
| Tier 1 | 25 |
| Tier 2 | 14 |
| Total | 84 |
| 10141 | 0- |

Contributions. As set by statute, the District's Regular Plan Members are required to contribute 4.5% of their annual covered salary. The statute requires employers to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. For the year-ended April 30, 2020, the District's contribution was 9.59% of covered payroll.

Net Pension Liability. The District's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2019. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2020

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN – Continued

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) – Continued

Plan Descriptions – Continued

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed, as of December 31, 2019, using the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

| Actuarial Cost Method | Entry Age Normal |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------|
| Asset Valuation Method | Market |
| Actuarial Assumptions Interest Rate | 7.25% |
| Salary Increases | 3.35% to 14.25% |
| Cost of Living Adjustments | 2.50% |
| Inflation | 2.50% |

For non-disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar Health Annuitant Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience. For disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Disabled Retirees Mortality Table applying the same adjustment that were applied for non-disabled lives. For active members, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2020

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - Continued

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) - Continued

Plan Descriptions – Continued

Actuarial Assumptions – Continued. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return to the target asset allocation percentage and adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

| | | Long-Term |
|---------------------------|--------|----------------|
| | | Expected Real |
| Asset Class | Target | Rate of Return |
| | | |
| Fixed Income | 28.00% | 3.25% |
| Domestic Equities | 37.00% | 5.75% |
| International Equities | 18.00% | 6.50% |
| Real Estate | 9.00% | 5.20% |
| Blended | 7.00% | 3.60% - 7.60% |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | 1.00% | 1.85% |

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%, the same as in the prior valuation. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that District contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between the actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the Fund's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all project future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all period of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2020

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - Continued

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) - Continued

Discount Rate Sensitivity

The following is a sensitivity analysis of the net pension liability/(asset) to changes in the discount rate. The table below presents the net pension liability/(asset) of the District calculated using the discount rate as well as what the District's net pension liability/(asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

| | Current | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|---------|--------------------|--|---------------------|---|--------------------|
| | 19 | % Decrease (6.25%) | | scount Rate (7.25%) | 1 | % Increase (8.25%) |
| | | | | <u> </u> | | |
| Net Pension Liability/(Asset) | \$ | 2,895,101 | | 671,444 | | (1,169,111) |

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

| | Total Pension Liability (A) | Plan Fiduciary Net Position (B) | Net Pension Liability (A) - (B) |
|---|-----------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Balances at December 31, 2018 | \$ 16,731,056 | 14,497,424 | 2,233,632 |
| Changes for the Year: | | | |
| Service Cost | 294,834 | - | 294,834 |
| Interest on the Total Pension Liability | 1,195,585 | - | 1,195,585 |
| Difference Between Expected and Actual | | | |
| Experience of the Total Pension Liability | 159,402 | - | 159,402 |
| Changes of Assumptions | - | - | - |
| Contributions - Employer | - | 255,585 | (255,585) |
| Contributions - Employees | - | 128,794 | (128,794) |
| Net Investment Income | - | 2,633,242 | (2,633,242) |
| Benefit Payments, including Refunds | | | |
| of Employee Contributions | (775,302) | (775,302) | - |
| Other (Net Transfer) | <u> </u> | 194,388 | (194,388) |
| Net Changes | 874,519 | 2,436,707 | (1,562,188) |
| Balances at December 31, 2019 | 17,605,575 | 16,934,131 | 671,444 |

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2020

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - Continued

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) - Continued

Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended April 30, 2020, the District recognized pension expense of \$154,677. At April 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

| | O | Deferred utflows of Lesources | Deferred Inflows of Resources | Totals |
|---|----|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------|
| Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience Change in Assumptions Net Difference Between Projected and Actual | \$ | 239,816 293,784 | (135,597) (235,436) | 104,219 58,348 |
| Earnings on Pension Plan Investments Total Pension Expense to be Recognized in Future Periods | | 533,600 | (625,963) | (625,963) (463,396) |
| Pension Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date | | 110,827 | <u>-</u> | 110,827 |
| Total Deferred Amounts Related to IMRF | | 644,427 | (996,996) | (352,569) |

\$110,827 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the reporting year ended April 30, 2021.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future periods as follows:

| | | Net Deferred |
|------------|----|--------------|
| | | Outflows/ |
| Fiscal | | (Inflows) |
| Year | | of Resources |
| 2021 | \$ | (147,315) |
| 2022 | • | (178,305) |
| 2023 | | 135,500 |
| 2024 | | (273,276) |
| 2025 | | - |
| Thereafter | | _ |
| | | |
| Total | | (463,396) |

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2020

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan Description. The District's defined benefit OPEB plan, Retiree Benefits Plan (RBP), provides OPEB for all permanent full-time general and public safety employees of the District. RBP is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the District. Article 11 of the State Compiled Statutes grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing requirements to the District Board. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75.

Benefits Provided. RBP provides healthcare, dental, and vision benefits for retirees and their dependents. Retirees and their dependents pay the full cost of the coverage. Coverage ends when the retiree stops paying for the coverage.

Plan Membership. As of April 30, 2020, the measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

| Inactive Plan Members Currently Receiving Benefits | 4 |
|--|----|
| Inactive Plan Members Entitled to but not yet Receiving Benefits | - |
| Active Plan Members | 34 |
| | |
| Total | 38 |

Total OPEB Liability

The District's total OPEB liability was measured as of April 30, 2020, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial assumptions and other inputs. The total OPEB liability in the April 30, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2020

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – Continued

Total OPEB Liability - Continued

Actuarial assumptions and other inputs – Continued.

| Inflation | 2.50% |
|------------------|-------|
| Salary Increases | 2.25% |
| Discount Rate | 2.56% |

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates The initial trend rate is based on known information with the

second rate following the 2019 Segal Health Plan Cost Trend Survey. The grading period and ultimate trend rates

selected fall within a generally accepted range.

Retirees' Share of Benefit-Related Costs 100% of projected health insurance premiums for retirees

The discount rate was based on a combination of the Expected Long-Term Rate of Return on Plan Assets and the municipal bond rate.

Mortality rates were based on the Sex Distinct Raw Rates as developed in the RP-2014 Study, with Blue Collar Adjustment. These rates are improved generationally using MP-2016 Improvement Rates.

Change in the Total OPEB Liability

| | Total OPEB Liability | y |
|--|----------------------------|-----|
| Balance at April 30, 2019 | \$ 831,10 | 07 |
| Changes for the Year: | | |
| Service Cost | 12,50 | 80 |
| Interest on the Total OPEB Liability | 30,68 | 85 |
| Changes of Assumptions or Other Inputs | 108,43 | 39 |
| Benefit Payments | (42,60 | 62) |
| Net Changes | 108,9 | 70 |
| Balance at April 30, 2020 | 940,0 | 77 |

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2020

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – Continued

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability, calculated using a Single Discount Rate of 2.56%, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a Single Discount Rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher:

| | Current | | | | | |
|----------------------|----------|------------|---------------|-------------|--|--|
| | 19 | % Decrease | Discount Rate | 1% Increase | | |
| | | (1.56%) | (2.56%) | (3.56%) | | |
| | <u> </u> | | | _ | | |
| Total OPEB Liability | \$ | 1,051,324 | 940,077 | 849,727 | | |

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability, calculated using a variable Healthcare Trend Rate, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a Healthcare Trend Rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher:

| | | | Healthcare | | |
|----------------------|----|------------|------------|-------------|--|
| | | | Cost Trend | | |
| | 1% | 6 Decrease | Rates | 1% Increase | |
| | | (Varies) | (Varies) | (Varies) | |
| | | | | | |
| Total OPEB Liability | \$ | 827,719 | 940,077 | 1,077,208 | |

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

Per GASB Statement No. 75, under the Alternative Measurement Method, changes in Total OPEB Liability are immediately recognized as expense, resulting in no deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB. At April 30, 2020, the District reported no deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB.

For the year ended April 30, 2020, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$164,913.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures that are required by the GASB but are not considered a part of the basic financial statements. Such information includes:

- Schedule of Employer Contributions
 Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund
- Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Net Pension Liability Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund
- Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Total OPEB Liability Retiree Benefit Plan
- Budgetary Comparison Schedule
 General Fund
 Public Benefit Special Revenue Fund

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Information – Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Employer Contributions April 30, 2020

| Fiscal Year | D | ctuarially etermined ontribution | in I the D | ntributions Relation to Actuarially etermined ontribution | Ez | ribution ccess/ iciency) | Covered Payroll | Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll |
|----------------|----|--|------------------|---|----|--------------------------------|--------------------|--|
| 2016 | \$ | 314,598 | \$ | 314,598 | \$ | - | \$ 2,475,195 | 12.71% |
| 2017 | | 291,750 | | 291,750 | | - | 2,449,621 | 11.91% |
| 2018 | | 315,598 | | 315,598 | | - | 2,647,939 | 11.92% |
| 2019 | | 310,019 | | 310,019 | | - | 2,793,762 | 11.10% |
| 2020 | | 285,261 | | 285,261 | | - | 2,973,772 | 9.59% |

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method Level % Pay (Closed)

Remaining Amortization Period 24 Years

Asset Valuation Method 5-Year Smoothed Market

Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases 3.35% - 14.25%

Investment Rate of Return 7.50%

Retirement Age See the Notes to the Financial Statements

Mortality An IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection

scale MP-2017 (base year 2015).

Note:

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Information for additional years will be displayed as it becomes available.

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Net Pension Liability April 30, 2020

| | | 12/31/15 |
|--|-----------|------------|
| Total Pension Liability | | |
| Service Cost | \$ | 269,423 |
| Interest | Ψ | 1,014,911 |
| Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience | | (25,684) |
| Change of Assumptions | | 35,991 |
| Benefit Payments, Including Refunds | | % |
| of Member Contributions | | (472,715) |
| Net Change in Total Pension Liability | | 821,926 |
| Total Pension Liability - Beginning | | 13,633,789 |
| Total Pension Liability - Ending | | 14,455,715 |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position | | |
| Contributions - Employer | \$ | 314,598 |
| Contributions - Members | | 111,384 |
| Net Investment Income | | 63,049 |
| Benefit Payments, Including Refunds | | |
| of Member Contributions | | (472,715) |
| Other (Net Transfer) | | (173,299) |
| Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position | | (156,983) |
| Plan Net Position - Beginning | | 12,633,124 |
| Plan Net Position - Ending | | 12,476,141 |
| Employer's Net Pension Liability | <u>\$</u> | 1,979,574 |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage | | |
| of the Total Pension Liability | | 86.31% |
| Covered Payroll | \$ | 2,475,195 |
| Employer's Net Pension Liability as a | | |
| Percentage of Covered Payroll | | 79.98% |

Note:

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Information for additional years will be displayed as it becomes available.

| 12/ | /31/16 | 12/31/17 | 12/31/18 | 12/31/19 |
|------|----------|------------|------------|------------|
| | | | | |
| 2 | 268,172 | 261,468 | 261,182 | 294,834 |
| 1,0 | 070,538 | 1,140,308 | 1,139,708 | 1,195,585 |
| | 163,916 | (292,511) | 116,384 | 159,402 |
| | (36,313) | (496,265) | 476,076 | - |
| (1 | 555 507) | (596 106) | (655 610) | (775 202) |
| | 555,597) | (586,106) | (655,619) | (775,302) |
| Ģ | 910,716 | 26,894 | 1,337,731 | 874,519 |
| 14,4 | 455,715 | 15,366,431 | 15,393,325 | 16,731,056 |
| 15,3 | 366,431 | 15,393,325 | 16,731,056 | 17,605,575 |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | 291,750 | 301,021 | 340,584 | 255,585 |
| | 110,233 | 115,089 | 125,869 | 128,794 |
| 8 | 857,080 | 2,246,061 | (752,348) | 2,633,242 |
| (: | 555,597) | (586,106) | (655,619) | (775,302) |
| ` | 82,784 | (166,822) | 267,304 | 194,388 |
| | 706.250 | 1 000 242 | (674.210) | 2 426 707 |
| | 786,250 | 1,909,243 | (674,210) | 2,436,707 |
| 12, | 476,141 | 13,262,391 | 15,171,634 | 14,497,424 |
| 13,2 | 262,391 | 15,171,634 | 14,497,424 | 16,934,131 |
| 2, | 104,040 | 221,691 | 2,233,632 | 671,444 |
| | | | | |
| | 86.31% | 98.56% | 86.65% | 96.19% |
| | 00.51/0 | 70.5070 | 00.0370 | 70.17/0 |
| 2,4 | 449,621 | 2,557,519 | 2,793,956 | 2,862,096 |
| | | | | |
| | 85.89% | 8.67% | 79.95% | 23.46% |
| | 20.07/0 | 3.37 70 | 77.7570 | 23.1070 |

Retiree Benefit Plan

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Total OPEB Liability April 30, 2020

| | 2019 | 2020 |
|---|-----------------|-----------|
| Total OPEB Liability | | |
| Service Cost | \$ 11,813 | 12,508 |
| Interest | 31,615 | 30,685 |
| Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience | 14,372 | - |
| Change of Assumptions or Other Inputs | - | 108,439 |
| Benefit Payments | (46,136) | (42,662) |
| Net Change in Total OPEB Liability | 11,664 | 108,970 |
| Total OPEB Liability - Beginning | 819,443 | 831,107 |
| Total OPEB Liability - Ending | 831,107 | 940,077 |
| Covered Payroll | \$ 2,804,694 | 2,903,364 |
| Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll | 29.63% | 32.38% |

Notes:

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Information for additional years will be displayed as it becomes available.

Changes of Assumptions. Changes in assumptions related to the discount rate were made in 2019 and 2020.

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual
For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2020

| | Budg | | |
|--------------------------------------|--------------|-----------|------------|
| | Original | Final | Actual |
| Revenues | | | |
| Taxes | | | |
| Property Taxes | \$ 1,188,550 | 1,188,550 | 1,200,957 |
| Replacement Taxes | 75,000 | 75,000 | 98,083 |
| Charges for Services | 72,000 | 75,000 | 70,003 |
| User Billings | 3,535,400 | 3,535,400 | 3,362,440 |
| Inspection and Review Fees | 23,650 | 23,650 | 25,146 |
| Monthly Service Fees | 4,069,100 | 4,069,100 | 4,095,962 |
| Surcharges | 325,000 | 325,000 | 340,136 |
| Sampling and Monitoring | 70,000 | 70,000 | 103,235 |
| Property Lease Payments | 33,500 | 33,500 | 34,456 |
| Grants and Donations | 3,000 | 3,000 | 3,722 |
| Investment Income | 35,000 | 35,000 | 52,092 |
| Miscellaneous | 10,000 | 10,000 | 13,502 |
| Total Revenues | 9,368,200 | 9,368,200 | 9,329,731 |
| Expenditures | | | |
| General Government | 9,429,400 | 9,429,400 | 8,140,810 |
| Debt Service | - , - , | - , - , | -, -, |
| Principal Retirement | - | - | 181,591 |
| Total Expenditures | 9,429,400 | 9,429,400 | 8,322,401 |
| | | | |
| Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues | (51.200) | (54.000) | 4 00 - 000 |
| Over (Under) Expenditures | (61,200) | (61,200) | 1,007,330 |
| Other Financing Sources | | | |
| Transfer In | _ | _ | 20,099 |
| 22000002 21 | | | 20,022 |
| Net Change in Fund Balance | (61,200) | (61,200) | 1,027,429 |
| The Change in Land Balance | (01,200) | (01,200) | 1,027,727 |
| Fund Balance - Beginning as Restated | | | 5,157,839 |
| Fund Balance - Ending | | | 6,185,268 |

Public Benefit - Special Revenue Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2020

| | Budget | | | | |
|-----------------------------|----------|-----|----------------|--------|--------|
| | Original | | Original Final | | Actual |
| Revenues Investment Income | \$ | 550 | 550 | 856 | |
| Expenditures Capital Outlay | | - | - | | |
| Net Change in Fund Balance | | 550 | 550 | 856 | |
| Fund Balance - Beginning | | | | 36,469 | |
| Fund Balance - Ending | | | | 37,325 | |

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Other supplementary information includes financial statements and schedules not required by the GASB, nor a part of the basic financial statements, but are presented for purposes of additional analysis.

Such schedules include:

• Budgetary Comparison Schedules – Major Governmental Funds

INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

The Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than fiduciary funds or capital projects funds) that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified purposes.

Public Benefit Fund

The Public Benefit Fund is used to account for the payment of sewer extensions or sewer special assessments which the District Board of Trustees deems to be of benefit to an area larger than the immediate service area.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

The Capital Projects Funds are used to account for all resources used for the acquisition of capital facilities by a governmental unit except those financed by Proprietary Funds.

Improvement Fund

The Improvement Fund is used to account for sewer system, pump station improvements and repayment of loans to the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency.

Construction Fund

The Construction Fund is used to account for improvements and expansions to the Wastewater Treatment Center and repayment of loans to the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency.

Special Assessment Fund

The Special Assessment Fund is used to account for the installation of the public sanitary sewers in special assessment areas.

General Fund

Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual
For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2020

| | Budg | | |
|--------------------------|--------------|-----------|-----------|
| | Original | Final | Actual |
| General Government | | | |
| Salaries and Wages | | | |
| Plant | \$ 1,273,950 | 1,273,950 | 1,315,699 |
| Administrative | 1,093,650 | 1,093,650 | 1,047,480 |
| Sewer System | 446,800 | 446,800 | 400,768 |
| Laboratory | 235,450 | 235,450 | 231,276 |
| Lift Station | 70,500 | 70,500 | 61,708 |
| Office Expenditures | 279,750 | 279,750 | 272,019 |
| Insurance | 721,750 | 721,750 | 663,392 |
| Operations | | | |
| Plant | 2,198,950 | 2,198,950 | 1,791,980 |
| Sewer System | 1,638,500 | 1,638,500 | 963,471 |
| Laboratory | 88,400 | 88,400 | 62,430 |
| Lift Station | 352,700 | 352,700 | 326,664 |
| Motor Vehicles | 61,000 | 61,000 | 89,780 |
| Professional Services | 455,500 | 455,500 | 382,437 |
| Retirement Contributions | 512,500 | 512,500 | 511,607 |
| Miscellaneous | | - | 20,099 |
| | | | |
| Total General Government | 9,429,400 | 9,429,400 | 8,140,810 |
| Debt Service | | | |
| Principal Retirement | - | - | 181,591 |
| | | | |
| Total Expenditures | 9,429,400 | 9,429,400 | 8,322,401 |

Improvement - Capital Projects Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2020

| | Budg | Budget | | |
|--|-----------|---------|-----------|--|
| | Original | Final | Actual | |
| Revenues Charges for Services Connection Charges | \$ 90,000 | 90,000 | 57,500 | |
| Investment Income | 17,150 | 17,150 | 24,628 | |
| Total Revenues | 107,150 | 107,150 | 82,128 | |
| Expenditures Capital Outlay Debt Service | 7,500 | 7,500 | 11,370 | |
| Principal Retirement | 93,200 | 93,200 | 93,191 | |
| Total Expenditures | 100,700 | 100,700 | 104,561 | |
| Net Change in Fund Balance | 6,450 | 6,450 | (22,433) | |
| Fund Balance - Beginning | | | 1,161,629 | |
| Fund Balance - Ending | | | 1,139,196 | |

Construction - Capital Projects Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2020

| | В | | |
|--|------------|---------|-----------|
| | Original | Final | Actual |
| Revenues Charges for Services | | | |
| Connection Charges | \$ 250,000 | 250,000 | 237,232 |
| Grants and Donations | 500,000 | 500,000 | 500,000 |
| Investment Income | 10,000 | 10,000 | 9,114 |
| Total Revenues | 760,000 | 760,000 | 746,346 |
| Expenditures Debt Service Principal Retirement | 28,900 | 28,900 | 28,807 |
| Net Change in Fund Balance | 731,100 | 731,100 | 717,539 |
| Fund Balance - Beginning | | | 315,371 |
| Fund Balance - Ending | | | 1,032,910 |

SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE

Long-Term Debt Requirements

IEPA Loan Payable of 2010 April 30, 2020

Date of Issue
Date of Maturity
Authorized Issue
Interest Rate
Principal Maturity Date
Payable at

July 29, 2011 November 2, 2030 \$8,847,011 Non-Interest Bearing November 2 Illinois Environment Protection Agency

CURRENT AND LONG-TERM PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST REQUIREMENTS

| Fiscal | | | | |
|--------|----|-----------|----------|-----------|
| Year | F | Principal | Interest | Totals |
| | | | | |
| 2021 | \$ | 303,590 | - | 303,590 |
| 2022 | | 303,590 | - | 303,590 |
| 2023 | | 303,590 | - | 303,590 |
| 2024 | | 303,590 | - | 303,590 |
| 2025 | | 303,590 | - | 303,590 |
| 2026 | | 303,590 | - | 303,590 |
| 2027 | | 303,590 | - | 303,590 |
| 2028 | | 303,590 | - | 303,590 |
| 2029 | | 303,590 | - | 303,590 |
| 2030 | | 303,590 | - | 303,590 |
| 2031 | | 151,789 | - | 151,789 |
| | | | | |
| | | 3,187,689 | - | 3,187,689 |