ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT



FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2023

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FINANCIAL SECTION

This section includes:

- Independent Auditors' Report
- Management's Discussion and Analysis
- Basic Financial Statements
- Required Supplementary Information
- Other Supplementary Information
- Supplemental Schedule

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

This section includes the opinion of the District's independent auditing firm.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

August 1, 2023

Members of the Board of Trustees Downers Grove Sanitary District, Illinois

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Downers Grove Sanitary District, Illinois, as of and for the year ended April 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Downers Grove Sanitary District, Illinois, as of April 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the budgetary comparison schedules, and required pension and other post-employment benefit (OPEB) reporting, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Downers Grove Sanitary District, Illinois August 1, 2023

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Downers Grove Sanitary District, Illinois' basic financial statements. The other supplementary information and supplemental schedule are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, other supplementary information and supplemental schedule are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Lauterbach & Amen, LLP
LAUTERBACH & AMEN, LLP

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2023

Our discussion and analysis of the Downers Grove Sanitary District's (the District) financial performance provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2023. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The user charge was increased from \$ 2.05 to \$ 2.25 per 1,000 gallons of consumption and the monthly fee was increased from \$19.00 to \$20.00, both effective April 2023. Billable flows for FY2022-23 were 4.95 million gallons per day, a 2.4% decrease from the FY2021-22 billable flows.
- During the year, government-wide revenues for the District totaled \$11,482,752, while the cost of all government functions totaled \$9,586,149, resulting in an increase in net position of \$1,896,603. This increase in net position primarily resulted from a positive net change in fund balances of \$2,059,183 which was the result of slow progress on budgeted construction projects for which revenue was collected.
- The District's net position totaled \$81,355,546 on April 30, 2023, which includes \$68,827,147 net investment in capital assets, \$2,168,469 subject to external restrictions, and \$10,359,930 unrestricted net position that may be used to meet the ongoing obligations of the District.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the District as a whole and present a longer-term view of the District's finances. For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the District's most significant funds.

Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2023

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT - Continued

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a matter similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position reports information on all of the District's assets/deferred outflows and liabilities/deferred inflows, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating. Consideration of other nonfinancial factors, such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of the District's infrastructure, is needed to assess the overall health of the District.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District are considered governmental funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate the comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2023

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT - Continued

Fund Financial Statements - Continued

Governmental Funds – Continued

The District maintains four individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Public Benefit Fund, Improvement Fund, and Construction Fund, all of which are considered to be major funds.

The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for all of the governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule for these funds has been provided to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the District's I.M.R.F. employee pension obligations, retiree benefit plan, and budgetary comparison schedules for the General Fund and major special revenue fund. The budgetary comparison schedules are presented immediately following the required supplementary information, in addition to a supplemental schedule detailing the District's long-term debt requirements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2023

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The following tables show that in the case of the District, assets/deferred outflows exceeded liabilities/deferred inflows by \$81,355,546.

	Net Position	
	2023	2022
	•	_
Current/Other Assets	\$ 14,326,289	14,380,517
Capital Assets	71,104,069	71,634,824
Total Assets	85,430,358	86,015,341
D.C. 10.49	1 707 054	504.170
Deferred Outflows	1,797,954	524,179
Total Assets/Deferred Outflows	87,228,312	86,539,520
Long-Term Debt	4,061,998	3,017,172
Other Liabilities	1,049,886	803,323
Total Liabilities	5,111,884	3,820,495
Deferred Inflows	760,882	3,260,082
Total Liabilities/Deferred Inflows	5,872,766	7,080,577
Net Postion		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	68,827,147	69,054,313
Restricted	2,168,469	1,812,253
Unrestricted	10,359,930	8,592,377
Total Net Position	81,355,546	79,458,943

A large portion of the District's net position, \$68,827,147 or 84.6 percent, reflects its investment in capital assets (for example, land, construction in progress, building and equipment, and sanitary sewers infrastructure), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion, \$2,168,469 or 2.7 percent, of the District's net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining 12.7 percent, or \$10,359,930, represents unrestricted net assets and may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2023

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS – Continued

	Change in Net Position		
		2023	2022
Revenues			
Program Revenues			
Charges for Services	\$	9,502,512	9,136,787
Operating Grants/Contributions		126,046	160,259
General Revenues			
Property Taxes		1,397,827	1,329,850
Invetergovernmental - Unrestricted			
Replacement Taxes		281,814	214,976
Investment Income		164,795	10,601
Miscellaneous		9,758	17,554
Total Revenues		11,482,752	10,870,027
Expenses			
General Government		9,586,149	7,637,516
Change in Net Position		1,896,603	3,232,511
Net Position - Beginning		79,458,943	76,226,432
W. B. W. B. W.		01.077.716	5 0.450.042
Net Position - Ending	_	81,355,546	79,458,943

Net position of the District increased by 2.4 percent (\$79,458,943 in 2022, compared to \$81,355,546 in 2023). Unrestricted net position, the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints, totaled \$10,359,930 on April 30, 2023.

Governmental Activities

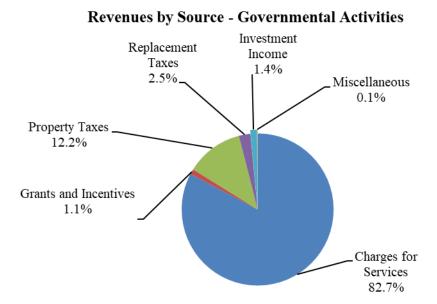
Revenues for governmental activities totaled \$11,482,752, while the cost of all governmental functions totaled \$9,586,149. This results in a surplus of \$1,896,603.

Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2023

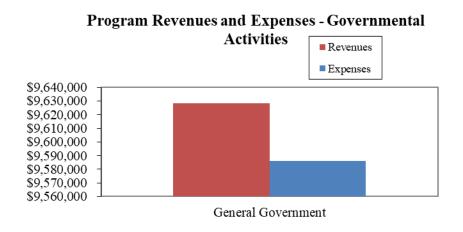
GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS – Continued

Governmental Activities - Continued

The following figure graphically depicts the major revenue sources of the District. It depicts very clearly the reliance on charges for services and property taxes to fund governmental activities. It also clearly identifies the less significant percentage the District receives from grants and contributions, replacement taxes, investment and miscellaneous income.



The 'Program Revenues and Expenses' Figure identifies those governmental functions where program expenses greatly exceed revenues.



Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2023

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

In the course of closing this fiscal year, the District continued its year-end accrual practices that it began in the fiscal year ending 2020.

The District's governmental funds reported combining ending fund balances of \$12,866,683, which is \$2,059,183 or 19.1 percent, more than last year's total of \$10,807,500. Of the \$12,866,683 total, \$7,502,158, or approximately 58.3 percent, of the combined fund balances constitutes unassigned fund balance.

The General Fund reported a positive change in fund balance for the year of \$1,808,201, an increase of 23.0 percent. A reduction in fund balance of \$1,508,600 was budgeted to restore the ending fund balance to 25% of annual expenses. These variances are further outlined in the General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the District. On April 30, 2023, unassigned fund balance in the General Fund was \$7,502,158, which represents 77.5 percent of the total fund balance of the General Fund. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unassigned fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance in the General Fund represents approximately 85.1 percent of total General Fund expenditures.

The Public Benefit Fund reported no change in fund balance for the year.

The Improvement Fund reported a positive change in fund balance for the year of \$55,712, an increase of 4.3 percent. A reduction in fund balance was budgeted for the year but not realized due to delay of the Centex Lift Station improvement project. These variances are further outlined on the Improvement Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance.

The Construction Fund reported a positive change in fund balance for the year of \$195,270, an increase of 12.2 percent. An increase in fund balance of \$222,300 was budgeted, to replenish capital reserves for future construction of improvements at the wastewater treatment center. These variances are further outlined on the Construction Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance.

Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2023

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

There were no budget amendments to the General Fund during the year. General Fund actual revenues for the year totaled \$11,108,338, compared to budgeted revenues of \$11,506,750.

The General Fund actual expenditures for the year were \$3,680,372 lower than budgeted (\$8,860,978 actual compared to \$12,541,350 budgeted). This is due to delays of the outfall sewer repair project, the Curtiss Street Lining project, and the Administration Center Remodel project all budgeted for FY22-23. In addition, several smaller projects were not completed due to supply chain issues either causing delays in receiving goods, increasing the cost of goods beyond what the District could spend or causing goods not to be available.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The District's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of April 30, 2023 was \$71,104,069 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, construction in progress, buildings and equipment, and sanitary sewer infrastructure.

	Capital Assets - Net of Depreciation	
	2023	2022
Land	\$ 2,496,725	2,496,725
Construction in Progress	700,442	805,853
Buildings and Equipment	25,465,211	26,119,245
Sanitary Sewer Infrastructure	42,441,691	42,213,001
Totals	71,104,069	71,634,824

This year's major additions included:

Construction in Progress	Þ	632,692
Buildings and Equipment		639,280
Sanitary Sewer Infrastructure		330,693
		_
		1,602,665

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 3 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2023

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION – Continued

Debt Administration

At year-end, the District had total outstanding debt of \$2,276,922 as compared to \$2,580,511 the previous year, a decrease of 11.8 percent. The following is a comparative statement of outstanding debt:

	Long-Term De	Long-Term Debt Outstanding	
	2023	2022	
		_	
IEPA Loans Payable	\$ 2,276,922	2,580,511	

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 3 of this report.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

The District's Board of Trustees considered many factors when setting the fiscal-year 2023-24 budget and fees that will be charged for its governmental activities. Increases in the user charge from \$2.05 to \$2.25 per 1,000 gallons of consumption and the monthly service fees from \$19.00 to \$20.00 were established to match the increasing costs of operation, maintenance, and replacement of infrastructure. Increases in connection fees were established to match increases in the cost of construction. Increases in inspection fees and sampling and monitoring charges were established to match salary increases. Surcharge rates were increased to match the cost of treatment. The rate for hauled grease interceptor waste was increased for the first time since 2010.

The District anticipates an increase in tax revenues, budgeting \$1.403 million for 2023-24 as compared to the 2022-23 budget of \$1.340 million, an increase of 3.7 percent. The District's 2023-24 budget continues with previous equipment and infrastructure investments that help control long-term operating costs and sustain the infrastructure.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the General Manager or Treasurer, Downers Grove Sanitary District, 2710 Curtiss Street, Downers Grove, IL 60515.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The basic financial Statements include integrated sets of financial statements as required by the GASB. The sets of statements include:

- Government-Wide Financial Statements
- Fund Financial Statements

Governmental Funds

In addition, the notes to the financial statements are included to provide information that is essential to a user's understanding of the basic financial statements.

Statement of Net Position April 30, 2023

See Following Page

Statement of Net Position April 30, 2023

ASSETS	
Current Assets	
Cash and Investments	\$ 10,822,782
Receivables - Net of Allowances	3,503,507
Total Current Assets	14,326,289
Noncurrent Assets	
Capital Assets	
Nondepreciable	3,197,167
Depreciable	125,840,042
Accumulated Depreciation	(57,933,140)
Total Noncurrent Assets	71,104,069
Total Assets	85,430,358
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred Items - IMRF	1,797,954
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	87,228,312

LIABILITIES

Current Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	\$ 521,754
Retainage Payable	70,044
Accrued Payroll	152,837
Current Portion of Long-Term Debt	305,251
Total Current Liabilities	1,049,886
Noncurrent Liabilities	
Compensated Absences	6,648
Net Pension Liability - IMRF	1,467,568
Total OPEB Liability - RBP	614,449
IEPA Loans Payable	1,973,333
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	4,061,998
Total Liabilities	5,111,884
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Property Taxes	714,971
Deferred Items - IMRF	45,911
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	760,882
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	5,872,766
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	68,827,147
Restricted	
Public Benefit	37,818
Capital Projects	2,130,651
Unrestricted	 10,359,930
Total Net Position	81,355,546

Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2023

	Expenses	Program Charges for Services	Revenues Operating Grants	Net (Expenses) Revenues and Change in Net Position
	Expenses	Services	Grants	Net I Osition
Functions/Programs Governmental Activities	¢ 0.596.140	0.502.512	126.046	42,409
General Government	\$ 9,586,149	9,502,512	126,046	42,409
General Revenues Taxes				
Property Taxes Intergovernmental - Unrestricted				1,397,827
Replacement Taxes				281,814
Investment Income				164,795
Miscellaneous				9,758
				1,854,194
Change in Net Position				1,896,603
Net Position - Beginning				79,458,943
Net Position - Ending				81,355,546

Balance Sheet April 30, 2023

See Following Page

Balance Sheet April 30, 2023

	General
ASSETS	
Cash and Investments	\$ 7,363,677
Receivables - Net of Allowances	
Property Taxes	1,429,941
Other	2,073,566
Total Assets	10,867,184
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	293,932
Retainage Payable	21,021
Accrued Payroll	152,837
Total Liabilities	467,790
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Property Taxes	714,971
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows	
of Resources	1,182,761
FUND BALANCES	
Restricted	_
Assigned	2,182,265
Unassigned	7,502,158
Total Fund Balances	9,684,423
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of	
Resources and Fund Balances	10,867,184

Special Revenue			
Public	Capital	Projects	
Benefit	Improvement	Construction	Totals
	•		
37,818	1,629,054	1,792,233	10,822,782
-	<u>-</u>	-	1,429,941
	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	2,073,566
37,818	1,629,054	1,792,233	14,326,289
7	, ,	, ,	77
-	227,822	_	521,754
-	49,023	-	70,044
_	-	-	152,837
-	276,845	-	744,635
	-	-	714,971
	276,845	-	1,459,606
37,818	338,418	1,792,233	2,168,469
-	1,013,791	-	3,196,056
-	-	-	7,502,158
37,818	1,352,209	1,792,233	12,866,683
37,818	1,629,054	1,792,233	14,326,289

Reconciliation of Total Fund Balances to the Statement of Net Position April $30,\,2023$

Total Fund Balances	\$	12,866,683
Amounts reported in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets are not financial resources and therefore, are not reported in the funds.		71,104,069
Deferred outflows (inflows) of resources related to the pensions not reported in the funds. Deferred Items - IMRF		1,752,043
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Compensated Absences		(8,310)
Net Pension Liability - IMRF		(1,467,568)
Total OPEB Liability - RBP		(614,449)
IEPA Loans Payable	_	(2,276,922)
Net Position	_	81,355,546

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2023

See Following Page

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2023

	General
Revenues	
Taxes	\$ 1,397,827
Charges for Services	9,163,596
Intergovernmental	407,860
Investment Income	129,297
Miscellaneous	9,758
Total Revenues	11,108,338
Expenditures	
General Government	8,630,364
Capital Outlay	-
Debt Service	
Principal Retirement	181,591
Total Expenditures	8,811,955
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	
Over (Under) Expenditures	2,296,383
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	
Disposal of Capital Assets	11,818
Transfers In	-
Transfers Out	(500,000)
	(488,182)
Net Change in Fund Balance	1,808,201
Fund Balances - Beginning	7,876,222
Fund Balances - Ending	9,684,423

Special Revenue			
Public	Capital I		
Benefit	Improvement	Construction	Totals
	-		
			1 207 927
-	122 200	205,716	1,397,827
-	133,200	203,716	9,502,512 407,860
-	- 17 127	10.261	
-	17,137	18,361	164,795
	150,337	224,077	9,758
	130,337	224,077	11,482,752
-	-	-	8,630,364
-	501,434	-	501,434
_	93,191	28,807	303,589
-	594,625	28,807	9,435,387
	(444.200)	105 270	2.047.265
-	(444,288)	195,270	2,047,365
-	-	-	11,818
-	500,000	-	500,000
-	-	-	(500,000)
-	500,000	-	11,818
	55 710	105 270	2.050.102
-	55,712	195,270	2,059,183
37,818	1,296,497	1,596,963	10,807,500
37,818	1,352,209	1,792,233	12,866,683
27,010	1,552,207	1,72,233	12,000,000

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities

For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2023

Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	2,059,183
Amounts reported in the Statement of Activities		
are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the		
Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated		
useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.		
Capital Outlays		1,602,665
Depreciation Expense		(2,094,349)
Disposals - Cost		(128,967)
Disposals - Accumulated Depreciation		89,896
The net effect of deferred outflows (inflows) of resources related to the pensions		
not reported in the funds.		
Change in Deferred Items - IMRF		3,807,458
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to		
governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal on long-term		
debt consumes the current financial resources of the governmental funds.		
Change in Compensated Absences		(620)
Change in Net Pension Liability - IMRF		(3,861,902)
Change in Total OPEB Liability - RBP		119,650
Retirement of Debt	_	303,589
Changes in Net Position	_	1,896,603

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2023

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Downers Grove Sanitary District (the District) was incorporated to provide and maintain economical treatment of the domestic and industrial wastes collected at its sewage treatment plant so that the wastes are given the degree of treatment necessary to prevent pollution of the water of the State of Illinois.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP in the United States for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). The more significant of the District's accounting policies established in GAAP in the United States and used by the District are described below.

REPORTING ENTITY

The District includes all funds of its operations that are controlled by or dependent upon the District as determined on a basis of financial accountability. Financial accountability includes appointment of the organization's governing body, imposition of will, and fiscal dependency. This report represents the financial activity of the District for the year.

BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of the District's functions. The District's activities are supported by taxes and charges for services revenues. The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, which include 1) changes to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment.

The financial transactions of the District are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, reserves, fund equity, revenues and expenditures. The District accounts for all of its activities in governmental funds, with the emphasis in the fund financial statements being on the major funds.

Nonmajor funds by category are summarized into a single column. GASB Statement No. 34 sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures of either fund category) for the determination of major funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2023

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

BASIS OF PRESENTATION – Continued

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements - Continued

Governmental Funds

The following fund types are used by the District:

The focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund statements) is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. The following is a description of the governmental funds of the District:

General Fund is the general operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all financial resources, except for those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund is a major fund.

Special Revenues Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The District maintains one major special revenue fund. The Public Benefit Fund is used to account for the payment of sewer extensions or sewer special assessments which the District Board of Trustees deems to be of benefit to an area larger than the immediate service area.

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities. The District reports two capital projects funds. The Improvement Fund, a major fund, is used to account for sewer system, pump station improvements, and repayment of loans to the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency. The Construction Fund, a major fund, is used to account for improvements and expansions to the Wastewater Treatment Center and repayment of loans to the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency.

MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Measurement Focus

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

On the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined below. In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2023

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING - Continued

Measurement Focus – Continued

The District's funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.

The accounting objectives of the "economic resources" measurement focus is the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets/deferred outflows, liabilities/deferred inflows (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported.

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability/deferred inflow is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets/deferred outflows, and liabilities/deferred inflows resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

In the fund financial statements, funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when "measurable and available." Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectible within the current period or within sixty days after year-end. The District recognizes property taxes when they become both measurable and available in accordance with GASB Codification Section P70. A sixty-day availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other fund revenues. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability/deferred inflow is incurred, except for general obligation bond principal and interest which are recognized when due.

In applying the susceptible to accrual concept under the modified accrual basis, those revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, interest revenue, and charges for services. All other revenues are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2023

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

ASSETS/DEFERRED OUTFLOWS, LIABILITIES/DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY

Cash and Investments

For the purpose of the Statement of Net Position, the District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of purchase.

Investments are generally reported at fair value. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. For investments, the District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. All of the District's investments are in 2a7-like investment pools that are measured at the net asset value per share determined by the pool.

Receivables

In the government-wide financial statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable. Major receivables balances include property taxes.

Capital Assets

Capital assets purchased, or acquired with an original cost of \$5,000, or more, are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at acquisition value as of the date received. Upgrades or rehabilitation that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. General capital assets are long-lived assets of the District as a whole. When purchased, such assets are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund and capitalized. The valuation basis for general capital assets are historical cost, or where historical cost is not available, estimated historical cost based on replacement costs.

Depreciation on all assets is computed and recorded using the straight-line method of depreciation over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and Equipment Sanitary Sewer Infrastructure 5 - 75 Years 20 - 100 Years

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2023

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

ASSETS/DEFERRED OUTFLOWS, LIABILITIES/DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY – Continued

Compensated Absences

The District accrues accumulated unpaid vacation and associated employee-related costs when earned (or estimated to be earned) by the employee. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 16, no liability is recorded for nonvesting accumulation rights to receive sick pay benefits. However, a liability is recognized for that portion of accumulated sick leave that is estimated to be taken as "terminal leave" prior to retirement.

All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflow/inflow of resources represents a consumption/acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period and therefore will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense)/inflow of resources (revenue) until that future time.

Net Position

In the government-wide financial statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

Net Investment in Capital Assets – Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets, as applicable.

Restricted – Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted – All other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2023

NOTE 2 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

BUDGETARY INFORMATION

The budget, levy and appropriation is prepared on the same basis and uses the same accounting practices as are used in the fund financial statements. Unexpended budget amounts lapse at the end of the budget year. Spending controls for the fund is established by the amount of expenditures budgeted for the fund, but management control is exercised at budgetary line level items. Expenditures may not exceed appropriations. During the fiscal year there were no supplemental appropriations.

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The District maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the financial statements as "cash and investments."

Permitted Deposits and Investments – Statutes authorize the District to make deposits/invest in commercial banks, savings and loan institutions, obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agencies, obligations of States and their political subdivisions, credit union shares, repurchase agreements, commercial paper rated within the three highest classifications by at least two standard rating services, and Illinois Funds.

The Illinois Funds is an investment pool managed by the Illinois Public Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. The Illinois Funds is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. Investments in Illinois Funds are valued at the share price, the price for which the investment could be sold.

Interest Rate Risk, Credit Risk, Custodial Credit Risk and Concentration of Credit Risk

Deposits. At year-end, the carrying amount of the District's deposits totaled \$4,033,024 and the bank balances totaled \$3,812,012. In addition, the District had \$6,789,758 invested in the Illinois Funds, which has an average maturity of less than one year.

Interest Rate Risk. Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The District's investment policy does not address interest rate risk.

Credit Risk. Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The District's investment policy does not address credit risk. The District's investment in the Illinois Funds was rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's.

Custodial Credit Risk. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District's investment policy does not address custodial credit risk for deposits. At year-end, the entire amount of the bank balance of deposits was covered by collateral, federal depository or equivalent insurance.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2023

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS – Continued

Interest Rate Risk, Credit Risk, Custodial Credit Risk and Concentration of Credit Risk - Continued

Custodial Credit Risk - Continued. For an investment, this is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District's investment policy does not specifically address custodial credit risk for investments. The District's investment in the Illinois Fund is not subject to custodial credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk. This is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the District's investment in a single issuer. The District's investment policy does not address concentration of credit risk. At year-end, the District does not have any investments over 5 percent of the total cash and investment portfolio (other than investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in mutual funds, external investment pools, and other pooled investments).

PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes for 2022 attach as an enforceable lien in 2021, on property values assessed as of the same date. Taxes are levied by December of the subsequent fiscal year (by passage of a Tax Levy Ordinance). Tax bills are prepared by DuPage County and are payable in two installments, on or about June 1, and September 1. The County collects such taxes and remits them periodically.

CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balances	Increases	Decreases	Balances
Nondepreciable Capital Assets				
Land	\$ 2,496,725	-	-	2,496,725
Construction in Progress	805,853	632,692	738,103	700,442
	3,302,578	632,692	738,103	3,197,167
Depreciable Capital Assets				
Buildings and Equipment	58,895,795	639,280	126,487	59,408,588
Sanitary Sewer Infrastructure	65,365,138	1,068,796	2,480	66,431,454
	124,260,933	1,708,076	128,967	125,840,042
Less Accumulated Depreciation				
Buildings and Equipment	32,776,550	1,256,026	89,199	33,943,377
Sanitary Sewer Infrastructure	23,152,137	838,323	697	23,989,763
	55,928,687	2,094,349	89,896	57,933,140
Total Net Depreciable Capital Assets	68,332,246	(386,273)	39,071	67,906,902
Total Net Capital Assets	71,634,824	246,419	777,174	71,104,069

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2023

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

CAPITAL ASSETS – Continued

Depreciation expense of \$2,094,349 was charged to the general government function.

LONG-TERM DEBT

IEPA Loans Payable

The District has entered into loan agreements with the IEPA to provide no interest financing for waterworks and sewerage improvements. IEPA loans currently outstanding are as follows:

Issue	Beginning Balances	Issuances	Retirements	Ending Balances
Illinois Environmental Protection Agency (IEPA) Loan of 2010, due in annual installments of \$303,590, non-interest bearing, through November 2, 2030.	\$ 2,580,511	-	303,589	2,276,922

Long-Term Liability Activity

Changes in long-term liabilities during the fiscal year were as follows:

Type of Debt	Beginning Balances	Additions	Deductions	Ending Balances	Amounts Due within One Year
Governmental Activities					
Compensated Absences	\$ 7,690	1,240	620	8,310	1,662
Net Pension Liability/(Asset) - IMRF	(2,394,334)	3,861,902	-	1,467,568	-
Total OPEB Liability - RBP	734,099	-	119,650	614,449	-
IEPA Loans Payable	2,580,511	-	303,589	2,276,922	303,589
	927,966	3,863,142	423,859	4,367,249	305,251

The General Fund makes payments on the compensated absences, the net pension liability/(asset), and the total OPEB liability. Payments on the IEPA loans payable are made by the General, Improvement and Construction Funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2023

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

LONG-TERM DEBT – Continued

Debt Service Requirements to Maturity

The annual debt service requirements to maturity, including principal and interest, are as follows:

	Governme	Governmental Activities				
	IEP.	IEPA Loans				
Fiscal	Pa	ayable				
Year	Principal	Interest				
2024	\$ 303,58	9 -				
2025	303,58	9 -				
2026	303,58	9 -				
2027	303,58	9 -				
2028	303,58	9 -				
2029	303,58	9 -				
2030	303,58	9 -				
2031	151,79	9 -				
Totals	2,276,92	2 -				

NET POSITION/FUND BALANCE

Net Position Classifications

Net investment in capital assets was comprised of the following as of April 30, 2023:

Governmental Activities Capital Assets - Net of Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 71,104,069
Less Capital Related Debt: IEPA Loan of 2010	(2,276,922)
Net Investment in Capital Assets	68,827,147

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2023

NOTE 3 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS - Continued

NET POSITION/FUND BALANCE – Continued

Fund Balance Classification

In the governmental funds financial statements, the District considers restricted amounts to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. The District first utilizes committed, then assigned and then unassigned fund balance when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which all three unrestricted fund balances are available.

Nonspendable Fund Balance. Consists of resources that cannot be spent because they are either: a) not in a spendable form; or b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance. Consists of resources that are restricted to specific purposes, that is, when constraints placed on the use of resources are either: a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance. Consists of resources constrained (issuance of an ordinance) to specific purposes by the government itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Trustees; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest-level action to remove or change the constraint.

Assigned Fund Balance. Consists of amounts that are constrained by the Board of Trustees' intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by a) the Board of Trustees itself or b) a body or official to which the Board of Trustees has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. The District's highest level of decision-making authority is the Board of Trustees, who is authorized to assign amounts to a specific purpose.

Unassigned Fund Balance. Consists of residual net resources of a fund that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned within the General Fund and deficit fund balances of other governmental funds.

Minimum Fund Balance Policy. The District's policy manual states that the General Fund should maintain a minimum fund balance equal to 25% of annual operating expenditures.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2023

NOTE 3 – DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS – Continued

NET POSITION/FUND BALANCE – Continued

Fund Balance Classification – Continued

The following is a schedule of fund balance classifications for the governmental funds as of the date of this report:

			Special Revenue Public	Capital 1		
		General	Benefit	Improvement	Construction	Totals
Fund Balances Restricted	•		010			
Public Benefits	\$	-	37,818	-	1 702 222	37,818
Capital Projects		-	-	338,418	1,792,233	2,130,651
		-	37,818	338,418	1,792,233	2,168,469
Assigned Construction Projects		2,182,265	-	1,013,791	-	3,196,056
Unassigned		7,502,158	-	-	_	7,502,158
Total Fund Balances	g	9,684,423	37,818	1,352,209	1,792,233	12,866,683

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2023

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION

RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District carries commercial insurance for all risks of loss including worker's compensation and employee health insurance. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in the past three fiscal years.

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Litigation

The District is not a defendant in any lawsuits.

Grants

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

NONDOMESTIC WASTE

The District received 3.548 billion gallons of waste water from 20,289 users (of which 606 are nonmetered). The District billed users for 1.806 billion gallons. Of the 20,289 users of the system, the following discharge nondomestic waste:

	Volume
User	(Gallons Per Day)
Good Samaritan Hospital	161,629
Mar Cor Services	12,707
Bales Mold Service	1,130
Rexnord, Inc.	7,101

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2023

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF)

The District contributes to the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), a defined benefit agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system. IMRF issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plan as a whole, but not by individual employer. That report may be obtained online at www.imrf.org. The benefits, benefit levels, employee contributions, and employer contributions are governed by Illinois Compiled Statutes (ILCS) and can only be amended by the Illinois General Assembly.

Plan Descriptions

Plan Administration. All employees hired in positions that meet or exceed the prescribed annual hourly standard must be enrolled in IMRF as participating members. The plan is accounted for on the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Employer and employee contributions are recognized when earned in the year that the contributions are required, benefits and refunds are recognized as an expense and liability when due and payable.

Benefits Provided. IMRF has three benefit plans. The vast majority of IMRF members participate in the Regular Plan (RP). The Sheriff's Law Enforcement Personnel (SLEP) plan is for sheriffs, deputy sheriffs, and selected police chiefs. Counties could adopt the Elected County Official (ECO) plan for officials elected prior to August 8, 2011 (the ECO plan was closed to new participants after that date).

IMRF provides two tiers of pension benefits. Employees hired *before* January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 1 benefits. Tier 1 employees are vested for pension benefits when they have at least eight years of qualifying service credit. Tier 1 employees who retire at age 55 (at reduced benefits) or after age 60 (at full benefits) with eight years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any consecutive 48 months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 48. Under Tier 1, the pension is increased by 3% of the original amount on January 1 every year after retirement.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2023

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN – Continued

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) – Continued

Plan Descriptions – Continued

Benefits Provided - Continued. Employees hired on or after January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 2 benefits. For Tier 2 employees, pension benefits vest after ten years of service. Participating employees who retire at age 62 (at reduced benefits) or after age 67 (at full benefits) with ten years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings up to a statutorily set maximum during any 96 consecutive months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 96. Under Tier 2, the pension is increased on January 1 every year after retirement, upon reaching age 67, by the lesser of:

- 3% of the original pension amount, or
- 1/2 of the increase in the Consumer Price Index of the original pension amount.

Plan Membership. As of December 31, 2022, the measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive Plan Members Currently Receiving Benefits	33
Inactive Plan Members Entitled to but not yet Receiving Benefits	18
Active Plan Members	
Tier 1	21
Tier 2	19
Total	91

Contributions. As set by statute, the District's Regular Plan Members are required to contribute 4.50% of their annual covered salary. The statute requires employers to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. For the year-ended April 30, 2023, the District's contribution was 8.39% of covered payroll.

Net Pension Liability/(Asset). The District's net pension liability/(asset) was measured as of December 31, 2022. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability/(asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2023

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN – Continued

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) - Continued

Plan Descriptions – Continued

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed, as of December 31, 2022, using the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method	Fair Value
Actuarial Assumptions Interest Rate	7.25%
Salary Increases	2.85% to 13.75%
Cost of Living Adjustments	2.75%
Inflation	2.25%

For nondisabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Retiree, Male (adjusted 106%) and Female (adjusted 105%) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020. For disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Disabled Retiree, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020. For active members, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Employee, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return to the target asset allocation percentage and adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2023

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - Continued

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) - Continued

Plan Descriptions – Continued

Actuarial Assumptions – Continued.

		Long-Term
		Expected Real
Asset Class	Target	Rate of Return
Fixed Income	25.00%	4.90%
Domestic Equities	35.50%	6.50%
International Equities	18.00%	7.60%
Real Estate	10.50%	6.20%
Blended	9.50%	6.25% - 9.90%
Cash and Cash Equivalents	1.00%	4.00%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%, the same as in the prior valuation. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that District contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between the actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the Fund's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all project future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all period of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Discount Rate Sensitivity

The following is a sensitivity analysis of the net pension liability/(asset) to changes in the discount rate. The table below presents the net pension liability/(asset) of the District calculated using the discount rate as well as what the District's net pension liability/(asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2023

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN – Continued

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) - Continued

Discount Rate Sensitivity – Continued

	Current			
	19	% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
		(6.25%)	(7.25%)	(8.25%)
Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	\$	3,671,406	1,467,568	(263,493)

Changes in the Net Pension Liability/(Asset)

	Total		Net Pension
	Pension	Plan Fiduciary	Liability/
	Liability	Net Position	(Asset)
	(A)	(B)	(A) - (B)
Balances at December 31, 2021	\$ 19,265,780	21,660,114	(2,394,334)
Changes for the Year:			
Service Cost	272,061	-	272,061
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	1,371,158	-	1,371,158
Difference Between Expected and Actual			
Experience of the Total Pension Liability	40,136	-	40,136
Changes of Assumptions	-	-	-
Contributions - Employer	-	269,080	(269,080)
Contributions - Employees	-	143,238	(143,238)
Net Investment Income	-	(2,670,592)	2,670,592
Benefit Payments, including Refunds			
of Employee Contributions	(978,567)	(978,567)	-
Other (Net Transfer)		79,727	(79,727)
Net Changes	704,788	(3,157,114)	3,861,902
Balances at December 31, 2022	19,970,568	18,503,000	1,467,568

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2023

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN - Continued

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) - Continued

Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended April 30, 2023, the District recognized pension expense of \$310,679. At April 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of	Deferred Inflows of	
	Resources	Resources	Totals
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$ 235,624	-	235,624
Change in Assumptions	12,281	(45,911)	(33,630)
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual			
Earnings on Pension Plan Investments	1,483,858	-	1,483,858
Total Pension Expense to be Recognized in Future Periods	1,731,763	(45,911)	1,685,852
Pension Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date	66,191		66,191
Total Deferred Amounts Related to IMRF	1,797,954	(45,911)	1,752,043

\$66,191 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the reporting year ended April 30, 2024. Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future periods as follows:

Fiscal Year	-	Vet Deferred Outflows F Resources
2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 Thereafter	\$	28,859 302,034 505,561 849,398
Total		1,685,852

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2023

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan Description. The District's defined benefit OPEB plan, Retiree Benefits Plan (RBP), provides OPEB for all permanent full-time general employees of the District. RBP is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the District. Article 11 of the State Compiled Statutes grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing requirements to the District Board. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75.

Benefits Provided. RBP provides healthcare, dental, and vision benefits for retirees and their dependents. Retirees and their dependents pay the full cost of the coverage. Coverage ends when the retiree stops paying for the coverage.

Plan Membership. As of April 30, 2023, the measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive Plan Members Currently Receiving Benefits	3
Inactive Plan Members Entitled to but not yet Receiving Benefits	-
Active Plan Members	33
Total	36

Total OPEB Liability

The District's total OPEB liability was measured as of April 30, 2023, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs. The total OPEB liability in the April 30, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2023

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – Continued

Total OPEB Liability - Continued

Actuarial assumptions and other inputs – Continued.

Inflation 2.25%
Salary Increases 2.50%
Discount Rate 3.53%

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates The initial trend rate is based on known information with the

second rate following the 2023 Segal Health Plan Cost Trend Survey. The grading period and ultimate trend rates selected

fall within a generally accepted range.

Retirees' Share of Benefit-Related Costs 100% of Projected Health Insurance Premiums for Retirees

The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyer 20-Bond G.O. Index.

Mortality rates were based on PubG-2010(B) improved generationally using MP-2020 Improvement Rates, weighted per IMRF experience study report dated December 14, 2020; age 83 for Males, age 87 for Females.

Change in the Total OPEB Liability

]	Total OPEB Liability
Balance at April 30, 2022	\$	734,099
Changes for the Year:		
Service Cost		8,733
Interest on the Total OPEB Liability		22,570
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience		(92,045)
Changes of Assumptions or Other Inputs		3,043
Benefit Payments		(61,951)
Net Changes		(119,650)
Balance at April 30, 2023		614,449

Notes to the Financial Statements April 30, 2023

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION – Continued

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – Continued

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 3.53%, while the prior valuation used 3.21%. The following presents the total OPEB liability, calculated using the discount rate, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher:

	Current			
	1%	o Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
		(2.53%)	(3.53%)	(4.53%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$	646,996	614,449	583,509

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability, calculated using a variable Healthcare Trend Rate, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a Healthcare Trend Rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher:

	Healthcare			
		Cost Trend		
	1% Decrease	Rates	1% Increase	
	(Varies)	(Varies)	(Varies)	
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 564,168	614,449	674,090	
Total Of LD Liability	\$ 504,100	014,449	0/4,090	

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

Per GASB Statement No. 75, under the Alternative Measurement Method, changes in Total OPEB Liability are immediately recognized as expense, resulting in no deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB. At April 30, 2023, the District reported no deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB.

For the year ended April 30, 2023, the District recognized OPEB revenue of \$57,699.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures that are required by the GASB but are not considered a part of the basic financial statements. Such information includes:

- Schedule of Employer Contributions
 Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund
- Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Net Pension Liability/(Asset) Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund
- Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Total OPEB Liability Retiree Benefit Plan
- Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Information – Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Employer Contributions April 30, 2023

Fiscal Year	D	ctuarially etermined ontribution	in l the De	ntributions Relation to Actuarially etermined ntribution	Ez	ribution xcess/ iciency)	Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2016	\$	314,598	\$	314,598	\$	-	\$ 2,475,195	12.71%
2017		291,750		291,750		-	2,449,621	11.91%
2018		315,598		315,598		-	2,647,939	11.92%
2019		310,019		310,019		-	2,793,762	11.10%
2020		285,261		285,261		-	2,973,772	9.59%
2021		293,539		293,539		-	2,829,875	10.37%
2022		286,739		286,739		-	2,928,485	9.79%
2023		256,235		256,235		-	3,054,434	8.39%

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal Amortization Method Level % Pay (Closed)

Remaining Amortization Period 21 Years

Asset Valuation Method 5-Year Smoothed Fair Value

Inflation 2.25%

Salary Increases 2.85% to 13.75%, Including Inflation

Investment Rate of Return 7.25%

Retirement Age See the Notes to the Financial Statements

Mortality For non-disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median

income, General, Retiree, Male (adjusted 106%) and Female (adjusted 105%) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020. For disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Disabled Retiree, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020. For active members, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Employee, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality

improvements projected using scale MP-2020.

Note:

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Information for additional years will be displayed as it becomes available.

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Net Pension Liability/(Asset) April 30, 2023

		12/31/2015
Total Pension Liability Service Cost	\$	269,423
Interest Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience Change of Assumptions Benefit Payments, Including Refunds		1,014,911 (25,684) 35,991
of Member Contributions		(472,715)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability Total Pension Liability - Beginning		821,926 13,633,789
Total Pension Liability - Ending	_	14,455,715
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		
Contributions - Employer Contributions - Members Net Investment Income Benefit Payments, Including Refunds	\$	314,598 111,384 63,049
of Member Contributions Other (Net Transfer)		(472,715) (173,299)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position Plan Net Position - Beginning		(156,983) 12,633,124
Plan Net Position - Ending	_	12,476,141
Employer's Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	\$	1,979,574
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		86.31%
Covered Payroll	\$	2,475,195
Employer's Net Pension Liability/(Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		79.98%

Changes of Assumptions. Changes in assumptions related to the discount rate were made in 2015 through 2022. Changes in assumptions related to the demographics were made in 2015 and 2017.

Note:

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Information for additional years will be displayed as it becomes available.

	12/31/2016	12/31/2017	12/31/2018	12/31/2019	12/31/2020	12/31/2021	12/31/2022
	268,172	261,468	261,182	294,834	305,510	259,796	272,061
	1,070,538	1,140,308	1,139,708	1,195,585	1,257,591	1,311,792	1,371,158
	163,916	(292,511)	116,384	159,402	181,350	177,114	40,136
	(36,313)	(496,265)	476,076	-	(115,046)	-	-
	(555,597)	(586,106)	(655,619)	(775,302)	(824,498)	(893,404)	(978,567)
	910,716	26,894	1,337,731	874,519	804,907	855,298	704,788
	14,455,715	15,366,431	15,393,325	16,731,056	17,605,575	18,410,482	19,265,780
	15,366,431	15,393,325	16,731,056	17,605,575	18,410,482	19,265,780	19,970,568
-							_
	291,750	301,021	340,584	255,585	306,188	299,722	269,080
	110,233	115,089	125,869	128,794	130,354	135,961	143,238
	857,080	2,246,061	(752,348)	2,633,242	2,379,190	3,205,318	(2,670,592)
	(555,597)	(586,106)	(655,619)	(775,302)	(824,498)	(893,404)	(978,567)
	82,784	(166,822)	267,304	194,388	(15,190)	2,342	79,727
	786,250	1,909,243	(674,210)	2,436,707	1,976,044	2,749,939	(3,157,114)
	12,476,141	13,262,391	15,171,634	14,497,424	16,934,131	18,910,175	21,660,114
	13,262,391	15,171,634	14,497,424	16,934,131	18,910,175	21,660,114	18,503,000
	2,104,040	221,691	2,233,632	671,444	(499,693)	(2,394,334)	1,467,568
	86.31%	98.56%	86.65%	96.19%	102.71%	112.43%	92.65%
	2,449,621	2,557,519	2,793,956	2,862,096	2,896,760	2,976,382	2,950,442
	85.89%	8.67%	79.95%	23.46%	(17.25%)	(80.44%)	49.74%

Retiree Benefit Plan

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Total OPEB Liability April 30, 2023

		4/30/2019
Total ODED Linkility		
Total OPEB Liability	ф	11.012
Service Cost	\$	11,813
Interest		31,615
Differences Between Expected		
and Actual Experience		14,372
Change of Assumptions		
or Other Inputs		-
Benefit Payments		(46,136)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability		11,664
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning		819,443
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	_	831,107
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	2,804,694
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of		
Covered-Employee Payroll		29.63%

Notes:

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Information for additional years will be displayed as it becomes available.

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75.

Changes of Assumptions. Changes in assumptions related to the discount rate were made in 2019 - 2023.

4/30/2020	4/30/2021	4/30/2022	4/30/2023
12,508	14,521	11,580	8,733
30,685	23,461	21,109	22,570
-	-	-	(92,045)
108,439	31,589	(196,000)	3,043
(42,662)	(47,241)	(64,997)	(61,951)
108,970	22,330	(228,308)	(119,650)
831,107	940,077	962,407	734,099
940,077	962,407	734,099	614,449
2,903,364	2,975,948	2,877,989	3,096,054
32.38%	32.34%	25.51%	19.85%

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual
For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2023

	Bud	Budget		
	Original	Final	Actual	
Revenues				
Taxes				
Property Taxes	\$ 1,339,900	1,339,900	1,397,827	
Charges for Services	, ,,	y y	, ,	
User Billings	3,902,500	3,902,500	4,033,482	
Inspection and Review Fees	21,150	21,150	18,381	
Monthly Service Fees	4,535,600	4,535,600	4,556,686	
Surcharges	312,000	312,000	399,758	
Sampling and Monitoring	105,000	105,000	117,546	
Property Lease Payments	35,600	35,600	37,743	
Intergovernmental				
Replacement Taxes	85,000	85,000	281,814	
Grants and Donations	1,153,000	1,153,000	126,046	
Investment Income	7,000	7,000	129,297	
Miscellaneous	10,000	10,000	9,758	
Total Revenues	11,506,750	11,506,750	11,108,338	
Expenditures				
General Government	12,541,350	12,541,350	8,630,364	
Debt Service				
Principal Retirement	-	-	181,591	
Total Expenditures	12,541,350	12,541,350	8,811,955	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,034,600)	(1,034,600)	2,296,383	
Other Financing Sources				
Disposal of Capital Assets	26,000	26,000	11,818	
Transfers Out	(500,000)	(500,000)	(500,000)	
	(474,000)	(474,000)	(488,182)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,508,600)	(1,508,600)	1,808,201	
Fund Balance - Beginning			7,876,222	
Fund Balance - Ending			9,684,423	

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Other supplementary information includes financial statements and schedules not required by the GASB, nor a part of the basic financial statements, but are presented for purposes of additional analysis.

Such schedules include:

• Budgetary Comparison Schedules – Major Governmental Funds

INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

The Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than fiduciary funds or capital projects funds) that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified purposes.

Public Benefit Fund

The Public Benefit Fund is used to account for the payment of sewer extensions or sewer special assessments which the District Board of Trustees deems to be of benefit to an area larger than the immediate service area.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

The Capital Projects Funds are used to account for all resources used for the acquisition of capital facilities by a governmental unit except those financed by Proprietary Funds.

Improvement Fund

The Improvement Fund is used to account for sewer system, pump station improvements and repayment of loans to the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency.

Construction Fund

The Construction Fund is used to account for improvements and expansions to the Wastewater Treatment Center and repayment of loans to the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency.

General Fund

Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual
For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2023

	Budg		
	Original	Final	Actual
General Government			
Salaries and Wages	.	4 700 500	4.405.40
Plant	\$ 1,522,600	1,522,600	1,486,187
Administrative	940,900	940,900	927,768
Sewer System	509,000	509,000	481,061
Laboratory	268,050	268,050	234,938
Lift Station	29,550	29,550	16,945
Office Expenditures	594,400	594,400	372,217
Insurance	828,300	828,300	759,136
Operations			
Plant	2,258,150	2,258,150	1,626,860
Sewer System	3,962,150	3,962,150	1,351,552
Laboratory	128,600	128,600	108,550
Lift Station	377,250	377,250	327,754
Motor Vehicles	103,500	103,500	17,403
Professional Services	477,900	477,900	428,979
Retirement Contributions	541,000	541,000	491,014
Total General Government	12,541,350	12,541,350	8,630,364
Debt Service			
Principal Retirement		-	181,591
Total Expenditures	12,541,350	12,541,350	8,811,955

Improvement - Capital Projects Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30,2023

	Bud		
	Original	Final	Actual
Revenues			
Charges for Services			
Connection Charges	\$ 90,000	90,000	133,200
Investment Income	250	250	17,137
Total Revenues	90,250	90,250	150,337
Expenditures			
Capital Outlay	1,588,500	1,588,500	501,434
Debt Service			
Principal Retirement	93,200	93,200	93,191
Total Expenditures	1,681,700	1,681,700	594,625
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,591,450)	(1,591,450)	(444,288)
Other Financing Sources			
Transfers In	500,000	500,000	500,000
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,091,450)	(1,091,450)	55,712
Fund Balance - Beginning			1,296,497
Fund Balance - Ending			1,352,209

Construction - Capital Projects Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended April 30,2023

	Budget			
		Original	Final	Actual
Revenues Charges for Services Connection Charges Investment Income Total Revenues	\$	250,000 1,200 251,200	250,000 1,200 251,200	205,716 18,361 224,077
Expenditures Debt Service Principal Retirement		28,900	28,900	28,807
Net Change in Fund Balance		222,300	222,300	195,270
Fund Balance - Beginning				1,596,963
Fund Balance - Ending				1,792,233

SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE

Long-Term Debt Requirements

IEPA Loan Payable of 2010 April 30, 2023

Date of Issue
Date of Maturity
Authorized Issue
Interest Rate
Principal Maturity Date
Payable at

July 29, 2011 November 2, 2030 \$8,847,011 Non-Interest Bearing November 2 Illinois Environment Protection Agency

CURRENT AND LONG-TERM PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST REQUIREMENTS

Fiscal			
Year	Principal	Interest	Totals
2024	\$ 303,589	-	303,589
2025	303,589	-	303,589
2026	303,589	-	303,589
2027	303,589	-	303,589
2028	303,589	-	303,589
2029	303,589	-	303,589
2030	303,589	-	303,589
2031	151,799	-	151,799
	2,276,922	-	2,276,922